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WORLD FACED WITH DANGER OF ATOMIC WAR

Nations Set Out On Same Road As Before!

INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE'S REVEALING REPORT

U.N.O. Helpless In Case Of Conflict Among Big Powers

LONDON, September 22. (Reuter): A warning of the danger of an atomic war and that "the nations today are setting out on the same roads that led them to war" is published in a report issued by the International Committee for the study of European questions comprising 31 prominent statesmen, economists and scientists of six European nations.

U.N.O. CAN'T PREVENT WAR

The report which has been sent to Prime Ministers and Foreign Secretaries, all from the Allied Nations, discusses in detail the cause and effect of war-producing situations, criticises the Administration of Germany and questions the efficacy of the United Nations Organisation as a preventive of war.

It says that in the light of recent events it does not seem probable that the U.N.O. would succeed in case of a conflict arising between the Great Powers in preventing another war.

Among the signatories of report are Lord Beveridge, the world-renowned economist, Lord Vansittart, former Permanent Under-Secretary at the British Foreign Office and Chairman of the Federation of British Industries, M. Edward Herriot, former Prime Minister of France and M. Beelaerts van Blokland, former Dutch Foreign Minister.

"MOTH-EATEN AND MOULDY"

"Pravda" On Churchill Plan For Europe

LONDON, Sept. 22, (Reuter). Soviet writer Viktorov in a 'Pravda' article broadcast over the Moscow Radio, today labelled Mr. Winston Churchill's idea of European family of nations as "moth-eaten and mouldy".

Styling the former British Premier as "Munichеer", the article—Moscow's first mention of Mr. Churchill's at Zurich, last Thursday—declared: "Mr. Churchill exposed himself by admitting that he would not have opposed Munich if he had believed Hitler. In other words, Mr. Churchill gave us to understand that he would have reconciled himself with Hitler, had the letter fulfilled Chamberlain's plans."

Viktorov continued: "The first step towards the creation of a European family of nations is to be comradeship between Germany and France—so says Mr. Churchill. So also said M. Laval and Ribbentrop in their time."

Asserting that the speech was received "with reserve" in London and had made a "bad impression in France", the writer said that "he talks of peace and strives to suggest the inevitability of a new war."

Mr. Churchill has remained today what he used to be—reactionary of a diehard stamp."

Soviet Charge Refuted

BERLIN, Sept. 22 (A.P.A.): Col. Hall Wilkinson, chief of the Industry Branch of the American Office of Military Government, today characterised as untrue the accusations printed in the Russian-controlled newspaper, 'Berliner Zeitung', that war materials were being produced in some factories in the American-occupied zone of Germany in contravention of Allied agreements of demilitarisation.

Similar accusations against the British provoked a similar prompt and absolute denial.

Jawahar's Advice To Deccan States Rulers

SANGLI, Sept. 21 (A.P.I.): The Rulers and Ministers of the Deccan States met in Poona yesterday to discuss the reply received from Pt Nehru regarding the Deccan States Union scheme.

It is understood that Pt. Nehru has suggested that the Rulers should establish full responsible governments in their states and should take their subjects into full confidence and should proceed with the Union scheme after getting the people's representatives elected to the Constituent Assembly. This constitution making body, he is further reported to have suggested, should frame a constitution on the basis of democratic form of Government.

The meeting of the Rulers and Ministers, it is understood, has decided to contact the Committee of the Deccan States Regional Council to discuss the question.

Mr. Shankarrao Deo, member of the Congress Working Committee, and Mr. N. C. Kelkar, President of the Bhor State Executive Council, were present at the meeting.

King Of Greece To Leave London

LONDON, Sept. 22. (Reuter): King George of the Hellenes will leave London next Thursday night for Greece, the Greek Ministry of Information announced here tonight

Seven Killed In Train Mishap

PARIS, Sept. 22 (Reuter): Seven were killed and nine badly hurt in a French train crash today at the village of Bethencourt near Montebeliard (near the Swiss frontier) when a railcar travelling from Strasburg to Lyons collided with a goods-train drawn up in Bethencourt.

Australian Rally For India's Famine Relief

MELBOURNE, Sept. 22, (Reuter): Miss Shakuntala Paranjpye, daughter of the Indian High Commissioner, Sir Raghunath Paranjpye and Miss Khandvala and Mrs. Lam, delegates of the New Education Fellowship, addressed a rally for Indian Famine relief today.

Judge Foster, Patron of the Australia—India Association presided and 250 Australian pounds were collected towards financing food ship.

STRIKE THREAT TO BURMA GOVT.

Doshi Says Aung San Is Undisputed Leader Of Country Today

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): "There can be no political settlement in Burma unless and until the British Government meet the demands of the Anti-Fascist League headed by U Aung San, "said Mr. Manilal Doshi in an interview to the Associated Press of India today.

Mr. Doshi said that U Aung San was the undisputed leader of Burma today. U Aung San demanded that the British Government should form an Interim Government for Burma similar to the one now functioning in New Delhi. This was his immediate demand and unless it was accepted, there was no likelihood of the political deadlock coming to an end, said Mr. Doshi.

A general strike of all services in Burma was scheduled to commence tomorrow, continued Mr. Doshi. If the strike was successful, the whole machinery of the Government would be paralysed.

Mr. Doshi said there had recently been a change in Burmese opinion towards India. Burmese leaders today felt that their country's relationship with India should be much more cordial in future. They considered this to be vital to the progress of Burma.

Assam Teachers' Strike

GAUHATI, Sept. 22 (U.P.I.): Following unrest among Lower Primary Middle and Aided School teachers the Executive Committee of the Kamrup Teachers Association has decided to go on strike for one week from tomorrow. Various other teachers' Associations have also adopted a resolution deciding to go on strike, and are awaiting directives from respective higher bodies.

Teachers of Nowgong District have decided to observe a token strike tomorrow.

S. I. R. STRIKE CALLED OFF

Leaders Accept Railway Member's Assurance

MADRAS, Sept. 22. (A.P.I.): The month-old general strike on the South Indian Railway is at an end.

The Joint Strike Committee of the South Indian Railway Labour Union and the Station-Masters' Association have to-day unanimously decided to forthwith call off the strike, says Mr. S. Guruswamy, General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, in a statement to the press from Tanjore.

The statement which was issued soon after this evening's meeting of the Strike Committee reads:

"In deference to the advice given by the Railway Member to the strikers and his personal assurances to me, the Joint Strike Committee has today unanimously decided to call off the strike forthwith and at the same time request the General Manager of the Railway to allow adequate time for the strikers to resume duty, as it will take some time for this decision to reach the strikers."

Being Minister Is No Bar To Congress Cabinet Membership

NEW DELHI, September 22, (A.P.I.): "No one will be debarred from the membership of the Working Committee or any other body of the Congress on account of his holding Office in the Interim Government of India", says a draft resolution which the Congress Working Committee prepared today to be placed before the A.I.C.C. tomorrow.

Pandit Pant will move this resolution.

Another draft resolution says: "The A.I.C.C., having considered the direction of the Working Committee to the President to accept the invitation of the Viceroy to form an Interim National Government, approve of this direction and ratify the subsequent steps taken thereunder resulting in the formation of the Interim Government".

INDIA'S HOMAGE TO MAHATMA ON HIS BIRTHDAY

Valmiki Ashram Puts On Gay And Gala Appearance

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22 (U.P.I.): Nearly 400 volunteers of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee, including 200 Sevikas presented a guard of honour to Gandhiji in the Bhangi colony this morning on the occasion of his 78th birthday. They all wished him "Jai Hind." Responding with "Jai Hind", Gandhiji said: "But why forget 'Vande Mataram?' At least say "Vande Mataram with Jai Hind."

The volunteers acted accordingly.

FELICITATIONS

The Gandhi camp wore a gala appearance today. Since early morning men, women and children wended their way towards the Bhangi colony to pay homage to the Mahatma who entered the 78th year of his life this morning.

This auspicious occasion was celebrated in a very simple but solemn setting, there being no decorations of any kind, not even leaves and flowers, for Gandhiji's definite instructions were to avoid such superfluities.

The people who had assembled in the Gandhi camp felicitated Gandhiji with respectful "namaskars" in the oriental style. Some of them garlanded him with hand-spun hanks, for Gandhiji does not like garlands and flowers.

JAWAHAR GREETS MAHATMA

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was among those who came early in the morning to pay his homage to Bapu on the auspicious occasion. With Pandit Nehru came Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Mr. Pheroze Gandhi and Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon and Miss Chandralekha Pandit. Pandit Nehru's grandson was perhaps the youngest of those who greeted Gandhiji this morning. Prompted by Pandit Nehru himself, this smallest admirer of Gandhiji greeted him with 'Jai Hind' amidst loud roars of laughter from all around.

Among others who offered Birthday felicitations to Gandhiji this morning were Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Fakruddin Ahmed, member of the Congress Working Committee.

SPECIAL PRAYER

Gandhiji's birthday having unfortunately synchronised with the day of the month on which Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi died, Ashramites worshipped a life-size portrait of Kasturba in Gandhiji's cottage prior to celebration of Bapu's birthday.

A special one-hour prayer was held at 4-30 this morning wherein Gandhiji participated along with his ashramites. All the 18 cantos of the Bhagwat Gita were also recited.

Rajen Babu's Homage

"It is Gandhiji who has given us

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 1.)

Raman On

WHEN INDIA WILL BE REALLY INDEPENDENT

COLOMBO, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): "India cannot claim to have obtained her independence until that stolen diamond was returned to her" said Sir C. V. Raman, feelingly referring to "the sad story" of Kohinoor in the course of his address here yesterday.

NEXT PRESIDENT

Pandit Nehru may announce his decision to resign from Congress Presidentship so that the way will be clear for the normal process of election of a new President to be set in motion and completed before the Meerut session of the Congress.

It is understood that in addition to these matters, the Working Committee today had a preliminary discussion on the Interim Government's policy in general, but it is expected that further discussion will be held before a definite plan is drawn up and recommended to the Government.

Considering that only two main resolutions are to be debated and disposed of, it may be found unnecessary to hold more than one sitting of the A.I.C.C. In that case, the session will conclude tomorrow itself.

Large contingents of members have arrived and others are expected by tomorrow morning. About 300 members are expected to attend.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will unfurl the National Flag tomorrow morning at 8 outside the Jain High School, Dariaganj.

A.I.C.C. SESSION ON MONDAY

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21 (API): The Secretary, A.I.C.C. office, announces that the A.I.C.C. office has started functioning in Ramja's College building, Delhi, and that the A.I.C.C session will begin at 2-30 p.m. on Monday (Sept. 23.)

League Propaganda In Frontier Exposed

GHAFFAR KHAN ON "REACTION" ON ITS LAST LEGS

More About British Bombing In Tribal Areas

PESHAWAR, September 21. (A.P.I): "Beware of the Muslim League propaganda and do not be duped by their mischievous slogans", declared Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan addressing a public meeting at Khan Mahi in Charsadda Sub-Division yesterday, before he left for Delhi.

WAZIRISTAN BOMBING

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan said that the Muslim Leaguers were going round the countryside saying that the Interim Government formed by Pandit Nehru was a purely Hindu Government. He pointed out that the composition of the present Government was based on the formula to which the Muslim League and Mr. Jinnah were committed. Had the Viceroy accepted Mr. Jinnah's offer to form the Interim Government without the Congress—which he and his Working Committee were so keen to do—his Cabinet would have consisted of the same number of Hindus, Muslims and representatives of other communities, as had been included by Pandit Nehru in his present Cabinet. If the Cabinet of Mr. Jinnah's choice of five Hindus could not be a purely Muslim Government; how could the present Government of Pt. Nehru be dubbed a purely Hindu Government? The fact was that the present Interim Government was neither Hindu nor Muslim but represented all the national elements in the country.

During the Delhi negotiations, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan said, the Congress insisted on one seat being given to a Nationalist Muslim, even if it meant the reduction of Hindu seats to four as against six Muslims. It was because the Muslim League could not tolerate a Nationalist Muslim in the Cabinet (even though thereby the proportionate strength of the Muslim team would have been considerably increased) that the negotiations broke down.

LEAGUE'S DISAPPOINTMENT.

Continuing, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan said that Muslim League had entertained the hope that in view of its services to the British the Viceroy would invite the League to form the Interim Government without the Congress, but there it was mistaken. On the contrary the Viceroy invited the Congress to form the Interim Government. Pandit Nehru, after accepting the invitation, went to Mr. Jinnah and requested him jointly to share the burden of the Government for the good of the country, but Mr. Jinnah did not respond.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan went on: "The Frontier Muslim League's latest propaganda line is that the bombing in Waziristan has been done under the orders of Nehru's Government. The truth is that the bombing was carried out in August when the National Government which took charge on September 2, had not even been formed. The bombing was kept secret and even the Provincial Ministers were unaware of it. When the news reached me I immediately took up the question and made a public protest whereupon the operations ceased.

PROPAGANDA AGAINST CONGRESS.

To my knowledge, the so-called torch-bearers of Islam, who are now profuse in their lip sympathy for the tribesmen did not raise even one finger to have the bombing stopped while it was on.

I suspect that the bombing on the eve of the National Government was a clever attempt on the part of the British officials to discredit it. Even now some British Officers are busy doing an I-Congress propaganda in

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 6.)

Nehru's Appeal Tells

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20. (Reuter): The Congress of Industrial Organisations has called off the West Coast Maritime strike which had been prolonged for an extra day following the settlement on the East Coast.

KHER TO FLY TO DELHI

POONA, Sept. 21 (API): Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, is leaving for Bombay tomorrow on his way to New Delhi to attend the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee. He will fly to Delhi on Monday and is expected to return to Poona on September 25.

Calcutta Riots Inquiry

MADRAS, Sept. 22 (U.P.I.): Mr. B. Somayya, retired Madras High Court Judge and one of the Judges of the Enquiry Committee constituted by the Bengal Government to enquire into the recent Calcutta riots will leave Kuppan his native place in the Chittoor district on October 6. After completing the enquiry the Commission is expected to go to Delhi where report will be drafted.

FATE OF THE "LOST EMPIRE"

Paris Conference To Discuss "Big Four" Decision On Italian Colonies

PARIS, Sept. 22. (Reuter): The fate of the "Lost African Empire", larger than British India, will be discussed by the Paris Conference to-morrow. Stretching from the Red Sea to the Mediterranean, this Empire comprises the Italian colonies of Libya, Eritrea and Somaliland, familiar to many thousands of Indian troops who fought under the desert sun against the combined armies of Hitler and Mussolini.

The 'Big Four' have already indicated their disagreement as to the fate of this vital area by postponing their decision on it for one year and when the question comes up before the Italian Political and Territorial Committee, the delegates will have to deal with amendments to the 'Big Four' proposals submitted by at least nine nations as well as any that may arise during the discussions.

The 'Big Four' have agreed and submitted to the Paris Conference: Firstly, that Italy renounces all rights and title to the colonies;

Secondly, that they should continue for the time being under their present Administration almost entirely British;

Thirdly, that the "Big Four" should decide their final fate within one year of the coming into force of the Italian Treaty.

Here are some of the amendments the Conference will discuss:

ITALY: Italy asks that the colonies be placed under trusteeship and that she be appointed Trustee.

BRAZIL: Supports the Italian request.

IRAQ asks that Libya be granted independence or be placed under trusteeship with a member of the Arab League as Trustee.

CHINA wants Libya to be either independent or under trusteeship of the United Nations. If the latter she asks that the Trustee period be fixed at a short term.

ABYSSINIA is asking for Eritrea and Egypt for a part of Libya.

NEW ZEALAND wants Italy to renounce her rights not to the 'Big Four' but to the United Nations.

SOUTH AFRICA, concerned with a third of the "Big Four" proposals, wants these powers to consult States which have contributed substantially towards the liberation of the colonies when they frame their final recommendations.

AUSTRALIA similarly wants three others, beside the "Big Four", to have a say in the final disposing of the Empire, reserving places at least for herself and South Africa.

Thus the question which occupied the 'Big Four' Foreign Ministers with long and difficult discussions may face the Paris Conference with an equally stubborn problem.

Five Years' Jail And Fine For Breach Of Pre-Censorship

Chittagong Magistrate Uses D. I. R. On Editorial Staff Of Three Local Papers

CHITTAGONG, September, 22. (U.P.I.): The editors and sub-editors of the local newspapers, 'Panchjanya' 'Satyavarta" and 'Jugadharma' have been served with an order under rule 41 of the Defence of India Rules by the District Magistrate requiring them to submit for scrutiny all items relating to communal disturbances in Chittagong or elsewhere before publication.

The disobedience of the order shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend for five years or fine or both.

TWO STABBINGS IN CITY

BOMBAY, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): Two cases of stabbing have been reported from the different parts of Bombay city since this morning, says a Press Note issued by the Director of Information.

The note adds: "The first occurred at about 10-30 a.m. and the second at about 5 p.m. The latter proved to be fatal. The area where these incidents occurred are Dhobi Talao and Grant Road districts of the city.

In all respects, the steady improvement in the general situation has been maintained these four days, and no other incidents have been reported.

COMMOTION IN NORTH CALCUTTA

When Group Of Persons Forcibly Enter House

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22. (A.P.I.): There was some commotion in North Calcutta early this afternoon, when a group of persons are stated to have entered forcibly a house in Garpar area, walked straight upstairs and assaulted some men there. One of them later was thrown down from the roof of the third floor causing him serious injuries. Three persons were removed to hospital and the condition of one of them is reported to be precarious.

Quiet was, however, restored on arrival of the police and the military. Four persons were arrested in this connection.

EIGHT-YEAR-OLD GIRL DIES OF STABBING

Three Cases Of Arson Reported

DACCA, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): Two cases of stabbing were reported today upto 6 p.m. from different parts of the city.

A worker of a cotton mill was stabbed at Postogola and another person at Ganderia. An eight-year-old girl who received stab injuries yesterday died today.

The total number killed since the disturbances started on August 20 is 60.

Three cases of arson were reported up to this evening two from Rahmatganj and the other from Bakshibazar.

Stop Press:

Jinnah-Rau Search For Way Out

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): Mr Jinnah is reported to have received a fresh communication from Sir B. N. Rau, Constitutional Adviser, today, as part of the correspondence they have had since their recent meeting on the grouping and other provisions of the State Paper.

Uncertainty, however, continues about the time and date of the next Jinnah-Viceroy meeting.

The interval following their last Monday's exploratory talk has been utilised for a study of details in which Mr. Jinnah has had the expert assistance of the Constitutional Adviser. This is understood to have helped to clear the air as regards some aspects of the long-term proposals and to define the main issues which require to be resolved as regards participation in the Interim Government.

THE ISSUES

These issues are believed to be: Inclusion of a Nationalist Muslim, re-allocation of Portfolios, Vice-Presidentship of the Cabinet and procedure for settlement of major matters affecting a minority community's vital interests.

The feeling persists that these are capable of satisfactory adjustment. It has been suggested, for instance, that the question of Vice-Presidentship can be settled by a convention, analogous to the one followed in the case of the Presidentship of the Central Assembly, namely, that Congress and League members occupy the position alternatively.

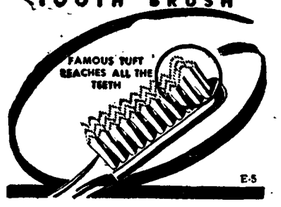
It is well-known that the Viceroy's patient efforts are directed to a settlement by mutual adjustment. Other well-wishers are lending a hand to achieve the same end.

NEHRU GOVT.'S ATTITUDE

Meanwhile, the Nehru Cabinet has taken hold of the Administration with a firm, womanlike grip and is pushing ahead with its programme warily but unwaveringly. Congress circles generally welcome attempts to settle with the League as regards participation in the Interim Government, but firmly discountenance anything that is likely to arrest or cancel the progress made by the Cabinet so far and disturb the new conventions set up, or reopen the problem and begin again from the beginning.

It is noted that the Congress Working Committee at its sitting yesterday or today did not discuss the latest Jinnah-Viceroy parleys.

Brush Your Teeth WITH A Pro-phy-lac-tic TOOTH BRUSH



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P-10

U. S. Navy To Quit Iceland

LONDON, Sept. 22. (A.P.A.): The United States Navy is to move out of Iceland beginning Monday, a U. S. Naval spokesman said in London to-day.

The U. S. Army, he added, was not leaving with the Navy.

The spokesman said the information had reached him in a cable from the United States.

Armenian Emigrants For Russia

BEYROUTH, Sept. 22. (A.P.A.): Six thousand more Armenian emigrants from Lebanon and Syria arrived at Beyrouth in the steamer, Russia, this morning, on the way to the Soviet Union.

Survivors Of Belgian Air Crash

GANDER, NEWFOUNDLAND, September 22 (APA): Coast-guard Helicopters and flying boats, shuttling back and forth over the lakes and forests of Newfoundland yesterday brought eight survivors of the Belgian airliner crash to Gander hospital before darkness interrupted rescue work.

Ten other survivors will be removed today after spending their fourth night on the scene of the crash.

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RACIAL DISCRIMINATION RAMPANT IN KENYA

No Indian Govt. Will Ever Tolerate Colour Bar, Says Sir Maharaj Singh

NAIROBI, Sept. 22 (U.P.I.): "No section of Indians we contacted favoured the Immigration Bill. Its provisions are of very drastic nature and though theoretically non-racial, practically they will be injurious for both the existing Indian residents and future immigrants from India", said Sir Maharaj Singh, leader of the Government of India's Delegation to East Africa, in a Press statement prior to his departure for India.

Continuing he said: "The racial discrimination existing in Kenya, the high land reserved for Europeans the anti-non-European policy in residential sites and the complete colour bar in hotels are most humiliating for the Indians and Africans.

"Whatever Indian Government in power, it will never accept either in principal or in practical colour bar or discrimination based on accident of race. There is enough room for the Africans, Indians and Europeans inhabiting this most interesting and attractive part of the world. The goodwill of the Indian sub-continent with a population of 400 millions is worth striving for and achieving. India holds out hands of friendship to all nations willing to co-operate on equal terms."

Sir Maharaj Singh thanked the Indians for their hospitality. He said that the Delegation had secured valuable information for report for the Government of India. "Undoubtedly", he said, "the Indians have played a great part in the development of the countries. Though not sufficiently, the Indians have helped the Africans directly and indirectly. There should be closer co-operation and friendship between the Indians and Africans."

RANGA ON JAWAHAR'S APPEAL TO AMERICA FOR FOOD

Western Countries Not Yet Fully Seized Of Seriousness Of India's Famine, He Says

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): Prof. N. G. Ranga, who arrived here today after attending the Food and Agricultural Conference in Copenhagen, said that Pandit Nehru's appeal to Americans to help in despatching food exports to India had come none too soon.

He added: "From what I have seen of the delegations to the Food and Agriculture Conference at Copenhagen from the Western countries, I am convinced that they are not as yet seized of the seriousness of our food famine and have not begun to think of taking emergent steps to rush food grains to our consuming centres. Both Mr. Parameshwaran Pillai of Travancore and myself have tried our best to canvass opinion in favour of food exports to India. But the western nations, including the representatives of Socialists and farmers, have not yet decided to give first priority to the saving of the lives of our people and abandon their present short-sighted policy of feeding their livestock, pigs and poultry on their valuable corn and potatoes.

"Even Mr. La Guardia expressed his inability to help us since India is beyond the scope of UNRRA.

"Therefore it is necessary we should follow Gandhiji's advice and first of all economise our own use of food grains in the surplus and self-supporting provinces and thus maximise our own supply of food to the deficit areas. Of course, we must continue our present efforts to canvass help from other countries too by sending our goodwill missions as that of Dewan Chaman Lall to Argentine."

U. S. Foodgrains For India

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21, (API): American exports of foodgrains to India are 15 days behind the schedule on account of the shipping strike.

These shipments for September were scheduled at 224,000 tons.

TOWARDS WORLD FOOD BOARD

V. K. R. V. Rao On Work Of Copenhagen Conference

KARACHI, September 22 (A.P.I.): Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao, member of the Indian Food Delegation to the Food and Agricultural Organisations Conference at Copenhagen and the Economic Adviser to the Food Department, Government of India who arrived in Karachi reviewed the work done by the Indian delegates at the various conferences in Canada, Denmark and Holland in an interview to the Associated Press of India.

He said: "The conference at Copenhagen marked a new step forward in the direction of taking concerted world action for raising nutritional levels of peoples all over the world.

The nations of the world, Dr. Rao continued, are now agreed that there should be some organisation like the World Food Board. The Conference has not discussed the details but has set up a Preparatory Commission for the creation of the World Food Executive organisation. The recommendations will then be placed before the first conference of the Food and Agricultural Organisations and subsequently transmitted to the United Nations Assembly.

"We in India, Dr. Rao proceeded, are particularly interested in obtaining whatever we can both by our efforts to increase our own production and by supplementing our resources by imports at special concessional prices."

The first meeting of the Preparatory Commission will be held on October 21st and it is expected that the proposals will be ready in the course of four months.

Dr. Rao left for New Delhi by air today.

TROUBLE BREWING IN UKRAINE

Sequel To Moscow Decrees Against Law-Breaking And Corruption

LONDON, Sept. 22 (Reuter): The stringent measures just announced in Moscow against law-breaking, corruption and attempts to "introduce principles of Private Property" on collective farms points to trouble in the Ukraine, says the special correspondent of the independent London newspaper "Observer." Even before the war, he says, there was a good deal of resistance there to the State farming decrees but it was suppressed. During the war, as manpower and machinery grow scarce it became harder to run big collective farms. Peasants were encouraged to make the most of their private holdings. They were allowed to sell produce at uncontrolled prices and even managed to increase the size of holdings. They made large profits, while collective farms lay fallow. In enemy-occupied districts, Germans destroyed the collective system and conducted strenuous propaganda against it.

"The fearful ravages of war made it impossible for the Soviet authorities to restore the system at once. The land was stripped almost bare of livestock and tractors, and without tractors you cannot run collective farms. Many tractor factories also were destroyed.

Since the end of last year the prospect for collective farming has somewhat improved. Ten or twelve thousand tractors have been received from U.N.R.R.A. And livestock figures are rising fairly fast. Evidently, the Kremlin considers the moment ripe for a determined campaign to reimpose collective farming.

It would be a mistake to regard these troubles as indicating any widespread political resistance to the regime. There is plenty of discontent in the Ukraine and even more in the adjoining White Russian territories taken from Poland, and banditry is not uncommon in the country-side. but it is as all bound up with post-war poverty. It is not an organised movement with positive aims.

No doubt, the Kremlin's campaign will succeed on the surface, at any rate. But how quickly it succeeds will depend largely on the rate of economic recovery, particularly in the machinery production field. Tractors received from U.N.R.R.A. are a drop in the bucket. Russia needs probably 200,000 to make her war losses good and she is till very short also of lorries and harvesters. The new decrees suggest that the Soviet authorities are beginning to see their way to overcoming these shortages."

INCREASE IN SUGAR PRODUCTION

Govt. Accepts Panel's Recommendation

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22 (APA).—An increase in sugar production and the establishment of additional units and their location to meet the increased production aims, were two major recommendations, announced today by the Sugar Panel recently appointed by the Central Government.

These recommendations have now been accepted by the Government.

As against the present normal production capacity of 1,084,000 tons, the target for increased production is likely to be 1,850,000 tons.

Twenty new units are reported to have been allocated to the Provinces and States.

Existing factories with a crushing capacity of below 250 tons will not be allowed to expand nor will existing factories be permitted to crush more than 800 tons a day. But factories having a crushing capacity between 200 and 800 tons will, it is learnt, be allowed to expand to the maximum capacity.

RUSSIA TO REMOVE NAZI AIRCRAFT FACTORY

FRANKFURT, Sept. 22, (Reuter): Machinery from the subterranean aircraft factoy near Mannheim, in south-western Germany, is being sent to Russia as reparations, it was officially by the Military Government today.

AUSTRIAN SENT TO RUSSIA

HAMBURG, Sept. 22, (Reuter): The Soviet occupation authorities have sent to Russia Dr. Karl Wilhelm, 70-year-old head of the Austrian Government office administering Jewish property seized by Germans n Austria, in spite of protests by the Austrian Government, the British news service in Germany reported today.

Czech Demand For Bratislava Bridgehead

PARIS, Sept. 21 (Reuter): Hungary was allowed to-night at the Paris Conference to put her case in reply to Czechoslovakia's demand for Bratislava bridgehead on the south bank of the Danube.

Her representative Mkertess, General Secretary of the Hungarian Delegation appearing before the Hungarian Political and Territorial Sub-Committee argued that the Hungarian Delegation had already proved that the Czech claim was not well founded.

WHOLE VILLAGE WASHED AWAY

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22. (U.P.I.): A report from the subdivisional Congress Committee, Burdwan Sadar states that the village of Seali in Burdwan District on the bank of the river Damodar has been completely washed away and several other villages are damaged in the recent Damodar floods. Several hundred villagers are living in the open and going without food.

FLOOD HAVOC IN SOUTH BIHAR

PATNA, Sept. 21 (API).—Details of the sudden and unprecedented floods which swept in plains of South Bihar and invaded the town of Gaya itself submerging a portion of it under chest-deep water are available now from official sources, although it has not yet been possible to determine the extent of damages to life and property.

The Commissioner of the Patna Division, who had flown over to Gaya yesterday to acquaint himself about the latest position described the floods as something like a deluge. The main cause of the floods was the sudden heavy rains in the catchment area in Chotanagpur Hills which sent down a huge mass of moving water sweeping in its forward movement the whole area between the banks of the Sone and the Phalgu rivers comprising thousands of acres. The wave of water rolled across the plains reaching the Grand Trunk Road embankment and the railway line in its wake and even struck the Patna-Futwan Road yesterday by swelling the waters of the Phalgu and the Poon river.

In South Bihar plains affected by the floods not even a blade of paddy could be seen and the whole panorama now consists merely of one long vast sheet of water, according to a high Government official.

Twenty new units are reported to help Government officials in carrying on the work of relief and rescue and the food department is rushing foodgrains and other essential commodities to the affected areas.

FOUR FISHERMEN WASHED ASHORE

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): After a heroic struggle for over 17 days in Midsea, four survivors of a party of seven fishermen have been washed ashore in a frail fishing boat near Vizhinjam creek in Southern Travancore.

Local fishermen picked them up in a State of utter collapse and revived them by gradual doses of food and drink. The derelict fishermen speak a strange language which is thoroughly unintelligible to the local population but by their gesticulation it is gathered that they started on a fishing expedition over a fortnight ago from a place presumed to be the Maldive Islands, 350 miles from the southern tip of the peninsula, and were caught by a strong gale and tossed about in Midsea resulting in three of their party succumbing 'en route.'

The party is being looked after pending investigation with the aid of Arabic, Urdu and Malay interpreters.

"Planning Department Must be Restored"

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Restoration of the Planning Department of the Government of India to facilitate a co-ordinated and continuous economic policy, drastic and immediate steps to arrest the present inflationary currency position in the country and representation of: "all types and classes of commercial and industrial organisations" on the Indian delegations to the forthcoming international conferences were demanded by the Central Committee of the All-India Manufacturers' Association at their second quarterly meeting this morning.

Dr. L. C. Jariwala, Chairman of the Central Committee, welcomed the formation of the Interim Government at the centre and congratulated the Members "on their statesmanlike approach to several difficult problems facing the country." He pleaded for the removal of the restructive measures of the Government of India which created difficulties in the way of importing capital equipment "while allowing the flow into the country of such consumer goods as can be manufactured here."

VISVESVARAYA'S MESSAGE

In a message from Ottawa (Canada), wishing the Committee's Proceedings success, Sir Visvesvaraya states that "the greatest need today is to collect statistics in order to give the Indian people a true picture of the position of industries in the country, and also to mark the starting point of developments under the new Governments both Central and Provincial. India is ripe for the rapid advance and if work proceeds on a plan and strict discipline is enforced in its operation the new Government will be creating opportunities for raising production to unheard levels with the greatest economic benefit to the nation."

NADAR FOR DELHI.

MADRAS, Sept. 22. (U.P.I.): Mr. K. Kamaraj Nadar, President of the Tamilnad Provincial Congress Committee, and Mr. M. Bhaktavatsalam, Minister of Public Works, Government of Madras left this morning for Delhi via Bombay by air to attend the A.I.C.C. meeting. They will return to Madras on September 28 by air.

ALL-FRENCH INDIAN CONGRESS.

MADRAS, Sept. 22. (U.P.I.): An organisation by name All-French Indian Congress is being formed in French India. The aim of the organisation will be to work for the betterment of conditions of people in French India. The organisation will be inaugurated by Mr. M. Bhakthavatsalam, Public Works Minister, Government of Madras, on September 30 at Pondichery.

MADRAS, Sept. 21. (API).—A Central Road Research Institute will shortly be established by the Government of India. It will conduct experimental research and make the experience gained available to road engineers all over the country.

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MSP 13

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New Timings Of Mail And Express Trains At V. T.

A revised time table will come into force from 1st October 1946 and arrivals and departures of our Mail and Express trains at and from—Victoria Terminus will be as shown below:

Trains	Arrivals H. M.
Madras Mail	7 15
Allahabad Express	7 30
Peshawar Express	7 45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	10 20
Deccan Queen	10 35
Poona Mail	11 30
Madras Express	12 50
Calcutta Mail via Allahabad	14 45
Punjab Mail	16 00
Poona Express	19 30
Poona Fast Passenger	21 40
Departures	**H. M.**
Poona Express	8 20
Poona Fast Passenger	11 00
Madras Express	13 30
Punjab Mail	14 45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	16 30
Deccan Queen	17 10
Poona Mail	17 20
Calcutta Mail via Allahabad ..	20 30
Peshawar Express	21 15
Madras Mail	21 45
Allahabad Express	22 15

LOHIA TO MEET GOANS

Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia will meet Goans interested in the issue of Civil liberties in Goa at a discussion today (Monday) at 9-30 a.m. at the residence of Shri Asoak Mehta, 93C, Kelawar Mansion Dady Seth Road Babulnath Bombay.

LAID LOW BY LUMBAGO

For Weeks He Could Scarcely Move

KRUSCHEN RELIEVED THE AWFUL PAIN

Acting on the principle of "when you know a good thing tell your friends about it", a man writes as follows:—

"I had suffered from lumbago in my back, and for weeks could scarcely move in bed. I had treatment, but it did not ease the pain very much. A friend said, 'Why man! Why not take Kruschen Salts? Take them every morning, and you'll find you will get relief from that awful pain in your back.' So I have taken them every morning. This is the second bottle I have had, and I am in fit condition for my work again—thanks to Kruschen. I will surely tell my friends about Kruschen."
—C. B.

Why is it that lumbago, backache and rheumatism all yield to Kruschen Salts? The secret is an open one. It is revealed in the analysis on the bottle—"six vital mineral salts". Each of these salts has an action of its own, and where one cannot penetrate, another can, and does. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate your internal organs to healthy, regular action, and ensure the removal of acids and poisons which contaminate the blood. The result is speedy relief from rheumatic complaints, and a remarkable improvement in your general health.

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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 13, 2002
Muslim: Sawal 26, 1365
Parsi: Fervardin 20, 1316
Sunrise: 6-26 a.m. Sunset 6-35 p.m.
Hightide: 10-51, 23-00
Lowtide: 04-19, 17-08
Corporation meeting 2-30 p.m. (B.T.)

Today's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURORS

Special jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

NON-STOP SPINNING: Under the Joint aspices of the Khadi and Gramodyoga Samiti of the B.P.C.C. and "C" Ward Dist. Congress Committee to celebrate the Gandhi-Jayanti a programme of continuous non-stop spinning has been arranged at Ram Baug, C. P. Tank. Programme which commenced on Sunday will conclude on the 2nd Oct. Those desirous to participate in the programme are requested to enlist their names at Ram Baug at any time during the day.

FLAG SALUTE AT GOKUL NIVAS: The National flag was hoisted in the compound of Gocul Niwas at 8-30 a.m. on Sunday when national songs were sung and a mass prayer wishing long life to Mahatmaji was offered by members of the Mandal on the occasion of 78 Birthday of Gandhiji.

"F" WARD CONGRESS COUNCIL ELECTION: Candidates intending to contest the above election are informed that September 25 upto 6 p.m. is the last day for filing nominations. Nomination papers can be had from the "F" Ward District Congress Committee's Office, Irani Mansion, Gokhale Society Lane, Parel during the office hours.

AZAD HIND DAY: The office of the Azad Hind Day Celebration Committee is located in Noble Chambers (3rd floor), and is open from 12 o'clock to 6 o'clock in the evening (Dial 33476).

NAGPADA MUSLIM LEAGUE RELIEF COMMITTEE: For the convenience of the residents of Nagpada locality the Municipal Commissioner has posted a Municipal peon at the office of Nagpada Muslim League Relief Committee, Undria Street (Chowki Mohalla) to issue Death Certificates for E Ward, during the hours 6 a.m. to 6 p.m.

SWASTIK LEAGUE: In the biannual election of the Swastik League, Rt. Hon. Dr. M. R. Jayakar was elected President, and Seth Varjivandas Motilal Saraiya, Dr. K. S. Mhaskar, Seth Jamnadas M. Vallabdas, Mr. B. K. Desai, Prof. V. G. Rao, and Mr. B. S. Dabke, were elected Vice-Presidents.

DATES OF RASHTRABHASHA EXAM.: The Secretary, B. P. Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sabha writes:—

The revised dates for Rashtrabhasha Exams. (Prarambhik, Pravish, Parichaya, and Kovid), the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, are 28th and 29th Sept. 1946 (Sat. and Sun). from 10-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. Parichaya and Kovid Examinations will be held on both the days and the oral examination of Pravesh at 4 p.m. on 28th inst. particulars from Prachar Centres or from the office of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sabha (Fellowship School, Govalia Tank, Bombay) from 9 to 10 a.m. and from 5 to 6 p.m.

CENTRAL BOMBAY STUDENTS' CONGRESS P. T. LEADERS CLASSES: The Central Bombay Students' Congress with the co-operation of the Bombay Physical Culture Association will conduct the P. T. Leaders' Classes every year.

The classes will start to-day (September 23). The whole course of studies will cover a period of eight weeks and the successful candidates will be given certificates on completion of their training. Instruction will be imparted by eminent teachers and instructors well-known in the field of education. Working Hours: Evening 6 to 7-15 daily.

Laundry Workers To Go On Strike

The Secretary, Washing Company Gumasta Mandal, writes:—

A meeting of the garment cleaning workers, was held on Sunday at 42 Kennedy Bridge and it was resolved to go on strike from Monday, 23rd instant.

SUPPORT TO KEMP & CO. WORKERS' STRIKE

Working Council of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress has passed a resolution at its meeting held on Saturday declaring its full support to the workers of Kemp & Co., who are on strike since August 26.

Municipal Commissioner

Mr. B. K. Patel, I.C.S., has been appointed Municipal Commissioner, Bombay.

Phosferine is a great tonic!

"I find Phosferine very beneficial for loss of appetite, sleeplessness and nerves. I feel as fit now as I ever have done. I shall always keep a bottle by me as I know from personal experience that Phosferine is a great tonic.

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RAMAKISHNA ASHRAM (TRICHUR)

Appeal In Aid Of Humanitarian Activities

The Sri Ramakrishna Ashrama at Vilangans, Trichur (Cochin State), was started about 19 years ago as a branch centre of the Ramakrishna Mission for the propagation and practical application of the ideas and ideals of man-making education and uplift of the masses as taught by the great Swami Vivekananda. The Ashrama is now conducting the following institutions and activities:

(1) A High School (Vidyamandir); (2) Home for boys (Gurukul); (3) Home for girls (Matrimandir); (4) Industrial School; (5) Orphanage; (6) Charitable Dispensary; (7) Destitute and Distress Relief work; (8) Library and Free Reading Room; (9) Agriculture and Dairy; (10) Co-operative Society and (11) Religious activities.

The High School serves in all about 700 students belonging to all communities, including a good number of Harijans. About 120 poor day-scholars are fed every day, apart from which there are 50 boys and 25 girls who are permanently resident in the Ashram. The Industrial School teaches spinning and weaving and its output in this direction helps to maintain 30 to 40 poor families. The Charitable Dispensary serves about a dozen villages around.

The most urgent needs of the Asrama are:—A building for the Matrimandir estimated to cost Rs. 12,000; A building for the Gurukul Rs. 12,000; Timber roofing, tiling etc., for the Industrial School Rs. 2,500; Extension of the Kitchen Block Rs. 8,000; Maintenance Fund for the Orphanage Rs. 20,000 and Maintenance Fund for the Charitable Dispensary Rs. 15,000.

It is impossible to raise any substantial part of the funds required locally, because of the chronic poverty round about the country. Swami Antaratmananda has been deputed by the Ashrama to Bombay to appreach the generous-hearted public of the city for their support. Any donations sent to the Swami c/o Sri Ramakrishna Ashrama, Khar, Bombay 21, will be thankfully received.

Plea For Miliatry Pickets In Trams And Buses

Sjt. G. G. Mehta, General Secretary of the B.E.S.T. Workers' Union has addressed a letter to the Government of Bombay, a gist of the material portion whereof is given below for eliciting public opinion thereon in respect of the riots in the city.

Mr. Mehta, draw the attention of the Government to the fact that owing to the critical situation in the city due to the riots the workers of the B.E.S.T. Company of the Tramc Section feel very reluctant to go in such localities where there is considerable risk to their lives. He further points out that when the Tramc Services are not running as usual it becomes difficult for the public to regain their confidence and consequently the riot situation cannot improve. Thus the vicious circle goes to the detriment of the pubic.

Mr. Mehta recommends that every bus and tram should carry on it a military picket armed with a rifle or such other equipment.

Appeal To Public

The Marwadi Relief Committee writes:—

The Marwadi Relief Committee is giving succour to riot victims, irrespective of caste and creed during the present disturbances in Bombay. Relief is given in the shape of feeding and shelter to hundreds of persons rescued from the panic-stricken areas. At present about three hundred persons are being sheltered and fed by the Committee at its centres. Medicines and fruits and bandages are being supplied to the hospitals. The Committee needs self-sacrificing volunteers and generous donations. We appeal to the generous public to send whatever they can to the committee's office at 227, Kalbadevi Road (Telephone No. 30648) or to Seth Bhikraji Jaipuria, of Messrs. Anandram Mangturam, Treasurers of the Committee, 357, Kalbadevi Road (Telephone No. 23423). Persons in need of any help should ring up Nos. 30648 or 23423 or see the Honorary Secretary personally in the Office.

GIRL STUDENT WINS PRIZE OF RS. 250

NASIK, Sept. 20, (UPI)

Messrs. Rungta Brothers well-known businessmen of Bombay, have decided to award a prize of Rs. 250 to students of the J. S. Rungta High School, Nasik, who stand in the first ten numbers in order of merit every year in the Matriculation examination of the Bombay University, announces the Secretary of the Nasik Shikshan Prasarak Mandali.

The prize was accordingly awarded to Miss Sushila Mehendele, a student of the J. S. Rungta High School, who stood second in the Matriculation examination of the Bombay University this year.

TODAY ON RADIO

MONDAY Sept. 23.

BOMBAY:

1244 m (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m Keep Fit 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 Nursing Council Kharado (G) by S Chowdhari 8.45 Gulab Bai 9.0 Tara Bai Shirodkar (Vocal) 12.0 p m Behnon Ke Live (H) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Nae Nae Gane 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Music 4.20 School Broadcast (H) 5.0 V S Shirgurkar 5.15 P A Gokhale 5.35 Dawood Ahmed 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Marathi Gamin 6.30 Gulab Bai 6.45 P A Gokhale 7.0 Dawood Ahmed 7.15 V S Shirgurkar (Sitar) 7.30 Y T Parvatey 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News in Gujarati 8.30 Dr. Rajen Prasad on Famine 6.45 Kavya Vachan Readings from his own works by Sopandeo Chowdhury 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Employment Exchange (Talk in English by S A Brelvi) 10.0 V T Parvate 10.30 Tarabai Shirodkar.

BARODA'S FIRST ITEM OF TEST BROADCAST

A message addressed by the Maharaja of Baroda to Hindu and Muslim subjects of the Baroda State to forget the recent communal disturbance and compose their differences, was the first item of the test programme broadcast from the Baroda Radio Station.

Rs. 50 LAKHS FOR BOMBAY EX-SERVICEMEN

Provincial Allotments From Central Funds For Schemes Of Rehabilitation

POONA, Sept. 21 (APD): Bombay province will get about 50 lakhs of rupees from the Central Government to finance its rehabilitation schemes for ex-servicemen. This amount will come from a fund created by the Central Government for the benefit of ex-servicemen and which is to be shared by all provinces in India.

A meeting of the Post-war Services Reconstruction Committee formed for administering the fund allotted to Bombay, was held in Poona today, Sir Andrew Clow, acting Governor of Bombay, presiding. The meeting was also attended by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, Mr. L. M. Patil, Reconstruction Minister, Maj.-Gen. E. N. Goddard and Mr. E. Wemperry, Secretary of the Committee.

It is learnt that the meeting decided to refer rehabilitation schemes for ex-servicemen to Government experts for their consideration.

GOVT. TO RESCUE

Bill To Amend Agricultural Debtors' Relief Act

Provision to prevent poor debtors from being compelled to waste money on further litigation by creditors who may drag them to Civil Courts in matters which are decided by the Debt Adjustment Boards, is made in a Bill to amend the Bombay Agricultural Debtors' Relief Act, 1939, published by the Government of Bombay.

The new measure seeks to re-enact certain provisions in the Act made during the Section 93 regime and to rectify omissions which have been noticed in the administration of the Act. For instance persons whose profession is mainly non-agricultural are considered as debtors within the meaning of the Act even though their earning from non-agricultural sources is many times higher than their agricultural income.

The main object of the Act is to specify the limit of non-agricultural income at 20 per cent of the total annual income and indicate a rough margin of non-agricultural income that a debtor may bear and still be eligible for the benefits of the Act.

Two more amendments seek to enable the Government to appoint joint or additional Debt Adjustment Boards where this is necessary for the expeditious disposal of the applications and to empower the District Court to order the retransfer of cases, which do not fall within the scheme of the Act and which are transferred by the Civil Courts to the Debt Adjustment Boards for disposal, to the Courts concerned.

The measure also seeks to extend the application of the Debt Relief Act to talukdari lands which cannot be alienated without the sanction of the Government.

A. I. Marwadi Federation Session Postponed

The Secretary of the All-India Marwadi Federation says that the Sixth Annual Session of All-India Marwadi Federation, due to be held at Bombay in the second week of October, has been postponed to December 24, 25, and 26.

Mr. Brijlal Biyani, President of Berar Provincial Congress Committee, and member of the Council of State, will preside.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL STUDENTS' CONGRESS

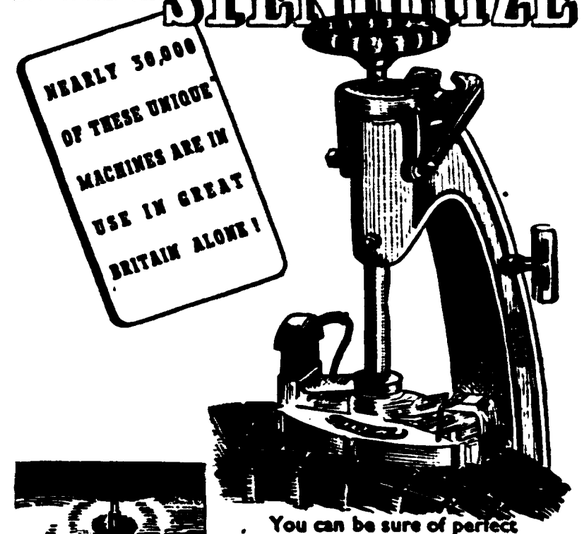
Mr. K. K. Swadia, the General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Students' Congress, writes:

"The Executive Committee of the B. P. S. C., which met on 13th instant fixed the following dates for the annual elections.

1. Last day for the membership campaign for the year October 1.
2. Elections of the Executive Committees of the affiliated units: On or before October 10.
3. Last day for sending in the nominations for the delegates to the A. I. S. C. Conference: On or before October 5.
4. Elections of the A. I. S. C. Delegates: On or before October 11.

Any bona fide member of the B. P. S. C. can contest the above elections. Further enquiries from the office Secretary at 42, Kennedy Bridge, between 5-0 and 6-30 p.m. (till there is curfew in the city) or between 6-30 and 8-0 p.m. in normal times".

BE WISE AND STENORIZE



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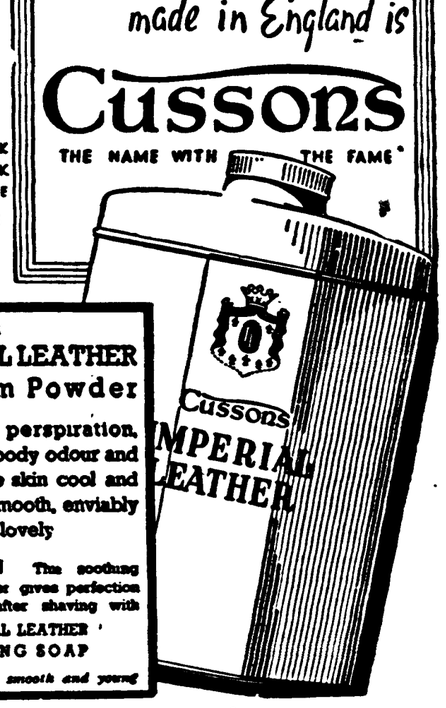

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IMPERIAL LEATHER
SHAVING SOAP
Keeps the skin smooth and young

Coiffures OF INDIA

Today many a new order changes, yielding place to old! North Indian coiffures of long ago are coming into fashion again. It is not, however, the style of the coiffures alone that counts. Many women of distinction today keep their coiffures enchantingly perfumed by using Swastik's Perfumed Castor Oil, which also ensures velvety hair-freshness and lustrous hair-growth.

A North Indian Coiffure 100 years ago!

Other quality Swastik products include Kanti and other toilet soaps, Swastik Shaving Stick, Washing Soaps, Gowalia Brand Vanaspati, etc.

SWASTIK PERFUMED CASTOR OIL
UNMATCHED FOR QUALITY
SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD., WADALA, BOMBAY.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 22. (API). Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1946 and departure from normal recorded at 8-0 hours (IST) on 22nd September 1946:

Ahmedabad 91 75 0 26.7 minus 1.1 Allahabad 94 78 0 34.8 minus 0.5 Bangalore — 0.2 16.3 minus 0.1 Baroda 91 74 0 39.6 — Belgaum 83 64 0.1 46.4 plus 10.4 Bhopal 86 71 0 46.4 plus 1.3 BOMBAY 87 77 0 71.0 plus 5.7 Cherrapunji 68 6.3 0.6 — Dehru Dun Nil Delhi 94 76 0 24.4 plus 3.0 Hyderabad (Dnd.) 91 73 0 15.6 minus 4.3 Hyderabad (Sd.) 95 76 0 5.3 minus 0.7 Indore 85 66 0 46.4 plus 15.8 Karachi 85 79 0 3.9 minus 2.1 Mahableshwar 71 59 0.1 288.8 plus 42.9 Mangalore 86 0 15 3 — 153.4 plus 45.7 Marmagao 83 76 0 78.5 minus 6.7 Poona 86 71 0 20.6 plus 2.5 Rajkot 91 70 0 22.4 minus 0.3 Sholapur 83 .1 0.5 26.1 plus .5 Simla 69 56 0.7 38.1 minus 6.9 Surat 89 75 0 59.5 plus 20.9

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Gaze not on beauty too much, lest it should blast thee; nor too long, lest it blind thee; nor too near, lest it burn thee. If thou like it, it deceives thee; if thou love it, it distructs thee. If virtue accompany it, it is the heart's paradise; if vice associate it, it is the soul's purgatory. It is the wise man's bonfire, and fool's furnace.

—Quarles.

The Bombay Chronicle

STATES PEOPLE'S RIGHTS

While democracy is making rapid strides all over the world, while even the Indian bureaucracy has made room for a National Government at the Centre the ninety-five millions of the Indian States' people could not be mere lookers-on, waiting for the caprice of the Rulers to dole out petty reforms as a mere sop. The Standing Committee of the All-India States People's Conference which met at Delhi last week, reiterated its demands for all necessary measures to be promptly taken by the Rulers for the speedy inauguration of responsible Government in the States. As a matter of fact this reform has long been over-due. Some Rulers recognise this fact but are still content with halting steps towards the goal. Even in Cochin, the Committee rightly points out, "the retention of finance and law and order in the hands of the Diwan greatly retracts from the objective of pure constitutional rule, in which the Maharajah has expressed his faith in his recent proclamation." And the situation in the States in general is "entirely unsatisfactory" for the reason, among others, that "there appears to be no sufficient realisation of the pace of events and the urgent necessity of fundamental changes in the old state system which has completely outlived any useful purpose and must of necessity give place to a free, democratic and responsible structure of Government everywhere." Even in regard to civil liberties, the declaration made by the Chamber of Princes "has been largely ignored in practice" in Kashmir and many other States, a position which "may lead to serious consequences." The States people are already restive and demand rapid constitutional changes, and "any delay in bringing about these changes and in the establishment of responsible Government in the states will inevitably lead to grave dissatisfaction and possibly to undesirable consequences."

It will not do for the Rulers to meet the demand with the vague assurance that big constitutional reforms will come soon enough, following the decisions of the Constituent Assembly. The success of the Assembly itself demands suitable preparatory measures. The Standing Committee faithfully voices the wishes of the States people when it urges the immediate formation of popular Interim Governments enjoying the confidence of the people. The Committee urges further that these Interim Governments should undertake the task of devising suitable machinery by the formation of popularly-elected constitution-making bodies for establishing full responsible Government within the states and for negotiating with neighbouring states and provinces for the purpose of grouping together or amalgamation as the case may be. It will be just and wise for the Rulers to respond to these appeals generously and promptly.

The Rulers' attitude towards the representation of States people is, unfortunately, still uncertain. It appears from a resolution of the Standing Committee of the States People's Conference that in appointing members of the Negotiating Committee the Rulers have not included the representatives of the States people. This is serious injustice to the people at the very outset and is likely to prejudice their interests later in respect of their representation on the Constituent Assembly, one of the first questions to be considered by the Negotiating Committee. It is also in violation of the spirit, if not of the letter, of the definite instructions given by the Secretary of the State for India, who stated in May last that "the Negotiating Committee would be formed in consultation with all the parties concerned." The States People's Standing Committee has, therefore, reason to insist that "no Negotiating Committee is duly constituted so long as its personnel does not comprise suitable representatives of the States people." There can be no sense in any negotiations or a Negotiating Committee if the most important party concerned, namely, the States people, is left out of it. Nor would the representatives of the provinces in the Constituent Assembly be party to negotiations with a State's Committee with the State's people's representatives deliberately excluded from it. It is, therefore, absolutely necessary for the Rulers, in their own interests, as also of the States people, to give due representation to the letter in the Negotiating Committee and every other Committee of the States.

Civil Aviation

Not the least important or urgent task of the Interim Government is the rapid and adequate expansion of civil aviation in India. It may be remembered that about the time this Government was formed the Civil Aviation Directorate published a note reviewing the progress of internal air transport in India during the half year ended June 1946. The note pointed out that during this period the mileage of air routes in India had been nearly doubled, from 4781 to 9225, and that the total number of passengers carried was 37,633 as compared with 24,099 in the whole of 1945. But encouraging as this progress is, it is hardly commensurate with the vast possibilities of aviation in the country with its pressing need in a country of vast distances, and with the vast resources made available by the war in the shape of aircraft, airfields and equipment for aircraft manufacture. Government's own figures admit as much. On July 1, 1946 there were four operating companies with only 19 large and six small transport aircraft, employing about 130 pilots and other air crew personnel. Other countries have made immensely greater progress with their war-created resources. India, too, can forge rapidly ahead if Government adopts a bold, sound policy of expansion.

The first question to be tackled in this respect is whether the Government will nationalise the civil aviation service or leave it to private enterprise for the time being. It appears the old Government was almost determined to leave too much to private enterprise under some official control. Probably the plea was that in this way competition would release ample private capital and that safety, coordination and efficiency would be safeguarded by the official control. But even the old Government has long been committed to the policy of nationalising Transport and Communication services and has been endeavouring in pursuance of that policy, to secure a major share in the road transport services. It is probable that under the old Government there was some difficulty in absorbing private running concerns or in controlling them much. But a consistent policy of nationalising all transport services should be much easier now, and Government should have no difficulty in raising the necessary capital. In these circumstances it seems hardly wise to allow vested interests to grow and make later nationalisation difficult. The least that Government should do immediately is to acquire due control over the private concerns so as to ensure progressive nationalisation. It follows that the Civil Aviation Directorate and all the agencies working under it should be so reconstituted as to be thoroughly national in their outlook and able to develop Indian aviation to its full capacity at the earliest possible date, with the help of purely Indian capital and Indian technicians and experts as far as possible.

Frankly Speaking

Educational Facilities For The Backward

To ensure fair facilities for higher education to the students of backward, "intermediate" and Muslim communities in the Arts and Science colleges of the province the present Government of Bombay issued orders in May last stating that as far as possible qualified students of these communities should not be refused admission to these institutions. The results have been on the whole very gratifying. In the arts courses the number of Muslim students has increased from 286 in 1945-46 to 345 in the current year, the number of other students remaining at about the previous levels. In the science courses the number of Muslim students increased from 155 to 295, i.e. an increase of 90 per cent. and other Intermediate students from 262 to 414 i.e. an increase of 58 per cent. It is unfortunate however, that the number of backward class students, including, we suppose Harijans, increased only from 34 to 38. The question should be seriously considered by Government and others concerned as to what measures need to be taken to get more students of the backward classes in the Science Colleges.

Outrageous Conduct

The other day a long communique was issued from New Delhi explaining the circumstances that led to the bombing of a number of tribal villages and the results of it. The communique makes it clear that the whole thing happened before the installation in office of the Interim Government. But, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan expressly asserts that "although this bombing was carried out before the Interim Government was formed, it was used as a propaganda weapon against the Interim Government". More. "Not only was mouth-to-mouth propaganda carried on, but posters were also issued to mislead the simple tribesmen into believing that the bombing was the result of the Congress coming into power". These are very serious allegations, indeed. And, if true, the conduct of those who are responsible for it is so deliberate and outrageous that they deserve exemplary treatment.

The Urgent Need

The historical character of the Political Service in India, a service which has so far been exclusively British, is not unknown. Manned by imperialists and Blimps its tradition of thought and action has been anti-Indian and reactionary. In these respects even the Indian Civil Service is no match to it. The Frontier leader says how, even apart from the well-known policy of never allowing national leaders to contact tribesmen, the Political Department officials have been pursuing the sinister policy of damning Congress and Khudai Khitmatgars and favouring their opponents. What is intolerable is that this kind of thing should be continued even now. An inquiry into the coduct of the officials and, in fact, of the whole Department must be immediately held. Moreover, as we urged some days ago and as the Frontier leader too strongly pleads, a completely new orientation of the whole policy of the Government of India towards the problems of the transborder tribal area, that is to say, the undertaking of that democratic approach which Pandit Jawaharlal was the first Indian leader to advocate, is urgently called for. It is gratifying to note that Pandit Nehru has already addressed himself to this necessity as is clear from his letter to Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan. And we strongly hope that a new and democratic deal to the tribesmen will not be long delayed.

Wallace's Ideals

Mr. Henry Wallace's post-resignation statement must have been received with relief by a grateful President Truman whose own indecision itself is, to a great extent, responsible for the American foreign policy sensation. Mr. Wallace has promised not to embarrass the administration for the present but, of course, expressing his determination to preach later what he considers to be the only effective method of winning genuine world peace. He has also corrected certain misunderstandings about his New York speech. He has declared himself against all types of imperialism "whether of Russian, British or American origin." And he stands stoutly for "the rights of small nations." If such is Mr. Wallace's basic conception of democracy and "one world", a "one world" in which all units, big and small, will have their full and democratic rights respected without reservation, it will be welcomed by a great majority of people all over the world.

Too Good....

The Associated Press of America is responsible for a report from Batavia that the Dutch Commission General has informally informed the Indonesian Republican authorities that it is willing to recognise the 'defacto' authority of the Shahriar Government over both Java and Sumatra. News of this decision, the report adds however, was given to the Associated Press of America by a highly authoritative source, who requested that his identity be withheld. This makes it necessary to accept the report with reserve. But even otherwise also it is too good to be true. The recent pronouncements by responsible Dutch Ministers mean that the imperialists of Holland still think in terms of a mythical "Dutch mission" in the East and West Indies and they still dream of continuing an association which Indonesia rightly interprets as Dutch Imperialism in another guise. And yet, if the Dutch were wise and not blind to realities they would recognise the Shahriar Government's authority.

CENTRAL GOVT. SET-UP

How Problems Are Worked Out And Presented For Decision

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22.

Mr. H. M. Patel, Joint-Secretary of the Cabinet has been appointed 'ex-officio' principal Private Secretary to Vice-President Nehru. His main duty will be to keep Pandit Nehru fully posted with the day-to-day administrative problems of the Government of India and advise him on any important issue facing the Government.

The Cabine. Secretariat which was recently organised, has already developed into an efficient medium of co-ordination through which all vital information is canalised for members of the Government. In due course it will be attached to the Prime Minister's Portfolio and become his Secretariat.

I may explain that the Cabinet, as at presen. constituted, works as a homogeneous body, meeting every afternoon when each member brings up his problems and difficulties for common and joint decision. In addition, the Cabinet has three Committees, namely, the Co-ordination Committee, the Food Committee and the War Academy Committee. The most important is the Co-ordination Committee which has in practice become the Shadow Cabinet. Till recently it was presided over by Lord Wavell himself. It is through this Committee that cases mostly filter through to the Cabinet itself.

The Cabinet Secretary likewise has evolved eight Committees. They are: Government Machinery Committee, External Economics Committee industrial Disputes Committee, Accommodation Advisory Committee, Inter-Departmental Screening Committee, Committee on Controls, Development Board and Disposals Board. The Committee on Government Machinery deals with the reorganisation of the Secretariat, External Economics Committee is entrusted with problems of export trade with particular reference to India's internal economy. Its sister Organisation—Inter-Departmental Screening Committee, deals with requisition from British and Foreign Governments for Indian goods. Development Board has replaced the Planning and Development Department as far as issues of policy are concerned. Accommodation Committee deals with accommodation for Government Offices and employees in New Delhi and elsewhere. Industrial Disputes Committee is entrusted to advise Government on matters relating to trade disputes.

Secretaries of Departments are members of these Committees for which the Cabinet Secretariat acts as convener. These committees are designed to cut red-tape, iron out difficulties and enable Departments to reach well-planned, co-ordinated and early decisions. The Cabinet Secretariat, I may add, has no administrative functions. It is what a Secretariat should be—a purely administrative machinery primarily designed to prepare cases for the Cabinet and help its members with all relevant data to enable them reach speedy decisions. As constituted at present, it checks departmental imperialism by bringing departmental Secretaries together across the table to see other's difficulties. Cabinet Secretariat has already proved its usefulness which is bound to grow with the growth of parliamentary responsibility at the Centre.

Shah Walliullah—Revolutionary Fighter For India's Freedom

Muslim Divine Who Preached Revolution, Democracy & Socialism Two Hundred Years Ago

(By RATANLALJI BANSAL)

Our country has suffered much on account of the differences between the Hindus and the Muslims; one of the losses has been the throwing into oblivion of those saints who had worked selflessly for the welfare of the country—simply because they happened to be Hindus or Mohammedans. The country could have marched on if it had followed in their footsteps, but most of them remained merely religious leaders.

The Muslim saint, Shah Walliullah, who lived in the 18th century, belonged to the category of great men. He not only tried to elevate the lowering morale and the degenerating character of his time but also played an important role in politics. Throughout his life he fought for saving India from the ferocious tentacles of foreigners who had then begun to gain some influence in the country. And he breathed such a fiery spirit into his descendants and pupils that they preferred to die rather than submit to slavery. Let us cast a cursory glance on the life of this great man when, after centuries of slumber, the fate of this country seems to be awakening and a bright ray of hope looms on the horison.

Approaching Danger

Shah Walliullah was born in those fateful and revolutionary days when rebellions against the rule of Aurangzeb had broken out in several parts of the country. He saw light on the 4th of Shawal 1114 H (1702) in a well-known family of saints at Delhi. His father, Shah Abdur Rahim, was a very learned Sufi. Those were the days when Maulvis enjoyed high prestige at the Imperial Court. Shah Abdur Rahim could, if he wanted, have attained a high position at the Court; but he regarded it below the dignity of his godliness and always kept at a distance the shadow of royal help. It was, therefore, that he fearlessly attacked the mistakes of the king and bluntly exposed the shortcomings of the Government, whenever he felt it necessary to do so.

Shah Abdul Rahim extolled the high character and the pious and simple life of Aurangzeb; but was much pained to see that at the bidding of some staunch Maulvis, Hindus and Shias were persecuted by the Government simply because of their religious affiliations. He regarded this practice against the injunctions of Islam and Islamic law. At the same time he was afraid that it would weaken the foundations of the Government, strifes would crop up in the country and India's progress would suffer. Shah Abdur Rahim had unerringly foreseen the approaching dangers at that time of the rule of Aurangzeb when the Mughal Empire was at its zenith.

Shah Walliullah inherited from his father the quality of rational thinking and freedom from fanaticism. At the age of five he went to his father's school. At seven he finished the Holy Quran. Then for three years he studied the famous Arabic book "Sharah-e-Mullah Jami." By the time he was fourteen he had deeply studied other books of Islamic philosophy. At this age he was also married. After the lapse of a year he, under the instructions of his father, took to the purification of his heart and the development of his mind. Only two years had passed that his father passed away. Succeeding to his father's place at that minor age Shah Walliullah started teaching in his Madrasa.

Prophecy Come True

Then Shah Walliullah cast a glance at the situation in the country; he found that the prophecy made by his father a few years ago was coming true. The country was torn with dissensions and the unity of India which Akbar had built up so laboriously was on the verge of dissolution. Aurangzeb had passed away and on his death many provinces had declared themselves independent. Shah Walliullah also detected that the French and the English were trying to make capital out of the internal strife in the country and had openly started participating in the Government of the country.

The time was very critical. Every chieftain, raja or nawab in the country wanted to grind his own axe. Nobody cared for the country and everybody for the sake of minor gains was prepared to go to any length. The capital of the country, Delhi, had become a hot-bed of intrigue and the era of slaughter, hanging and persecution had started.

Shah Walliullah for some time pondered over this state of affairs. To acquaint himself with the conditions of other countries he went on a pilgrimage to Mecca. During his two years' stay at Mecca he exchanged views with other great scholars of the age. For a pretty long time he benefited himself from contact with the famous scholar of the time, Shaikh Abu Tahir. Thereafter he returned to India.

A Socialist Before Birth Of Marx

On his arrival here he started propagating his own ideas. According to him the root cause of the evils of those times could be traced mainly to two things. Firstly, both Hindus and Muhammadans had forgotten the real religious sentiment which made human beings human. On the other hand, they had fallen a prey to that irreligiousness which made man so shortsighted that he sacrificed the greatest interests of his country and society to his own pettiest gains. Secondly, the wealthier and the ruling classes had so much encumbered the poor classes with their luxurious living that the masses had been constrained to live like animals. Shah Saheb in one of his books entitled 'Hujjatulla-ul-Baligha" writes:—

"When the wealth of a nation goes on increasing its industry also reaches a high stage of perfection. If the ruling class then addicts itself to a life of ease and comfort, gaity and presumptuousness, its burden falls on the working classes so terribly that a major portion of the society will be compelled to lead the life of animals. A wholesale demoralisation sets in a society when its members are forcibly faced with economic difficulties. Then the people will work for their livelihood like asses and oxen. When such a catastrophe befalls humanity, God in order to relieve it dawns upon it some device or the other, that is to say, He necessarily creates ways and means for a revolution whereby the people may cast off the yoke of such a futile government."

While reading these sentences it should be borne in mind that neither Karl Marx was born then nor any other movement of socialism had started in Europe.

Wanted Democracy

Shah Walliullah wanted the establishment of democracy in India and the welfare of the masses. At one place he writes—"The Empire has disintegrated and the evils peculiar to the monarchs of Iran and Rome have crept into the Mughal Empire. The Divine will, therefore, is that the present Government should be completely annihilated."

Translation Of The Holy Quran

To breathe real religious life into the people Shah Saheb undertook the translation of the Quran. Literate Muslims in that age were more versed in Persian than in Arabic. Persian was also popular among the followers of other religions. Shah Saheb's plan was that the real message of the Quran should reach the people through the Persian translation.

Since the Quran was revealed to the world this was the first occasion when its translation in another language was undertaken. It was such a revolutionary step that it caused an upheaval among the Muslims. There was widespread opposition to it, but Shah Saheb undeterred by it continued teaching this Persian version of the Quran in his school. In this undertaking he departed from the opinions of old moulvis and elucidated the verses of the Quran in a manner which was fresh and revolutionary.

The Government had known that Shah Walliullah wanted a political upheaval in the country. One evening when Shah Saheb with a few pupils was offering prayers in the Fatehpuri Mosque at Delhi he was besieged by some people. Shah Saheb tried to make his escape good from another door. On finding it also surrounded he asked them as to why they were after his life. He got the answer: "We are Maulvis. By producing this version of the Quran you have attacked our honour and also desecrated the Quran." Shah Saheb tried to bring them round but when they remained adamant Shah Saheb's pupils in order to save his life also unsheathed their swords.

Afterwards it came to light that the Government was a party to the conspiracy because it saw its death in the admonitions and ideology of Shah Saheb.

Revolutionary Programme

After completing this translation Shah Saheb wrote nearly thirty more books laying down expositions of his revolutionary programme. These books bring into prominence the political ideology of Shah Saheb. It is startling to find the great ability with which Shah Saheb two centuries earlier threw light on the problems in which our country is entangled to-day. From his books three great principles can be discerned:

First, he wanted to see India a powerful country of Asia. In his opinion it was possible only when there was a unitary government in the country. He writes in his book "Badur-e-Baniga" that "notwithstanding the fact that there are numerous petty independent rajas in the country the government should be federal so that the vital interests of the country may be considered as a whole." For federation he uses the word 'tritfaq'. He liked the India of Akbar, but he did not intend to revive the form of Akbar's Government. He wanted a democratic regime in the country so that the rich and the poor, the small and the big might have an equal say in the Government.

Secondly, he wanted the same lay throughout India both for Hindus and Muslims. At one place he writes "The analogy of marriage will make it easy to understand. The only objective of the ceremony of marriage is that society should know that a certain man and woman have been wedded as husband and wife. Whether it is done to the accompaniment of music, before fire or in the presence of a Qazi, the purpose of the marriage will be served in every way. Government is concerned only with its obligatory and not the ceremonious aspect."

The third thing on which he laid the greatest emphasis was that labourers and artisans of every description should be given their due rights and minimum burden should be thrown on them. On this subject he has written most exhaustively and has attributed the fall of the Mughal Empire mainly to it. He wanted a form of government under which no man should be deprived of his rights. In one of his books he writes "For the collective life of human beings economic equality is essential. Every organisation needs such an economic structure so that it may fulfil all human needs. And when the people are satisfied with their economic necessities they devote their moments of leisure to be promotion of those departments of life which form the essence of humanity."

Shah Saheb in these respects was an arch-socialist. This happened nearly a century before the "Communist Manifesto" was published.

Field Of Action

After preaching his ideas through books and speeches Shah Saheb tried to put them into practice by forming an organisation on 5 May 1731, with the object of working up a political upheaval in the country. The organisation was built on four fundamentals: 1. Worship of God 2. Justice 3 Self-culture. 4 Self-restraint.

The organisation was known as the Central Committee" and its ramifications were spread throughout the country. Among them the Madrasa at Rajibabad, the Monastery of Shah Ismaila at Bareli and the Madrasa of Mulla Mohammad Moeen at Thatta in Sind were well-known.

With the help of these daughter organisations the ideas of Shah Saheb were disseminated throughout the country. The main responsibility for it rested upon Maulvi Nurain Burhanee and Maulana Mohammed Amin Kashmiri, the favourite pupils of Shah Saheb. They caused a widespread awakening in the country. Some Muslims questioned the expediency of this mission in the face of the attacks by the Marathas and the Sikhs on the Islamic Government and of their making the issue a religious war. Shah Saheb in reply to this objection said:— "No Government becomes Islamic simply because its ruler is a Muslim. On the other hand, a Government whose ruler is a Non-Muhammadan but is run on the lines of justice can be called an Islamic Government."

Provisional Government

Gradually this missionary work gained so much strength that, in the words of the late Maulana Obaidulla Sindhi, "This organisation of Shah Saheb established a provisional government." Some of the pupils of Shah Saheb insisted on the use of force against the Government, but Shah Saheb withheld his consent and told them that just as the Holy Prophet preached his ideas non-violently for 13 years and ultimately embarked upon exodus they should also go on with their mission quietly till they were fully prepared for a revolution. Shortly afterwards Najib Ali Khan, a Governor of Delhi had Shah Saheb's hands disabled so that he might not carry on his work through writing and also externed his two sons, Shah Abdul Aziz and Shah Rafiuddin, from the country. Shah Saheb bore this cruel treatment cheerfully and did not in the least protest against it.

Written With Blood Of Martyrs

At last he departed from this world in 1762 leaving the whole burden of the organisation on his son, Shah Abdul Aziz. The dream of an India which he had cherished was not fulfilled nor the revolution whose foundations he had laid was achieved. In spite of this he had established such an organisation in India which moulded itself according to the times and did its best in making India a prosperous country. To-day after 200 years it is not only alive but occupies a key position in the garb of the "Jamiat-ul-Ulema-e-Hind" in the battle of the country's freedom. The episode ranging from Shah Walliullah down to Maulana Hussain Ahmad Madni forms a chapter in history whose every page is written with the blood of martyrs and the more we pride on it the less it is.

Shah Walliullah lived upto the age of sixty. He had neither the support of any raja or nawab nor was he well-to-do. He was a simple saint whose wealth was the purity of his heart and his godliness. In those days Delhi used to wake up every morning to find itself in the midst of a new revolution. During the short span of his life he saw the rise and fall of ten monarchs at Delhi. The coming into power of the Syed brothers, the death of Farrukh Sayer in prison at their hands, the fall of the Syed brothers at the hands of the Turani Amirs, the rebellion of the Marathas and their rise, the Sikh revolt, the invasion of Nadir Shah, the great massacre at Delhi, Mohammad Shah Abdali and the battle of Panipat, participation by the Rohillas in the politics of India, the voraciousness of Europeans in the country and interference by the English in Bengal and Bihar. Shah Saheb was an eyewitness to all these phenomena; but it is startling to find how in those dark moments of the country's misfortune when the chains for foreign bondage were becoming stronger every day the torch of his hopes was alight upto the end.

It is nearly 175 years that Shah Saheb departed from this world. The movement which he had founded is alive even to-day in the same form. His successors have done some additional structural work. A last only if we could all rise above our communal shortsightedness and understand this great man.—"Naya Hind."

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

His Excellency, Miss Mudie and Miss Macqueen attended a cocktail party given by Mir Bundeh Ali Khan Talpur.

—Karachi "Court Circular."

* * *

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan charges that the bombing of tribal villages although carried out before the Interim Government was formed was used as a propaganda weapon against it. In fact, posters were used to suggest to tribesmen that it was the result of Congress coming into power.

Most regrettable and all that. But isn't it fair to the poor Blimps of the Political Service. After all it is only natural that they should want to do something by way of reaction to the fate that is confronting them after so many years of undisturbed Blimpism. "Gad Sir, the Interim Government of Natives and seditionists is a bigger bomb than we ever dropped on tribal recalcitrants."

* * *

Mr. A. K. Pillay, prominent member of the Radical Democratic Party, asserts in a statement that "the only obstacle in the way of India's national independence is the unwillingness of the Congress to share power with the Muslim League and other national and political minorities."

"You might wonder as to what comrade A. K. Pillay was talking about. If you notice that last but one word 'political' and understand the Radical Democratic Party's meaning of it, you won't.

You see, Jawaharlal must take in Comrade M. N. Roy and every other "obstacle" will simultaneously vanish.

* * *

"It is futile", warns Shaikh Abdul Majid", to expect that there would be anything like fair elections in Sind under the aegis of a Governor who openly and without any hesitation identifies himself with party politics."

But who has been naive enough to do so?

* * *

"As we are a Caretaker Government now, we wish to make our position clear to the people of Sind."

—Shaikh Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah

Unnecessary quite unnecessary. No clarification is needed.

* * *

Explaining his conception of peace and one world, Mr. Henry Wallace urges that the rights of small nations must be taken into account as was done under the late President Roosevelt's "good neighbour" policy.

We heartily concur with Mr Wallace.

* * *

According to a London report, Mr. Churchill's 28 minute speech at Zurich has taken every one by surprise.

We profoundly sympathise with those "everyone" They seem to have been pathetically ignorant about Mr. Winston Churchill.

* * *

Apropos of Mr Churchill's Zurich speech M Edault's laconic comment was "Mr Churchill's genius is of a special kind. This is all I can say.

And very well said, too.

TWO MORE MINISTERS FOR BARDOLOI CABINET

SHILLONG, Sept. 21 (UPI): The Bardoloi Cabinet is being expanded by the inclusion of two more Ministers, the United Press of India learns authoritatively. Of these one is plains-tribal representative, Srijut Bhimbur Deuri a nominated member of the Upper House who lately joined the Congress and the other is Maulana Abdur Rashid, Jamiat-ul-Ulema member who defeated the Muslim League candidate during the last Assembly General Election.

The outstaking ceremony of both these Ministers will be held on Monday, it is learnt.

Assam's Cabinet will have now nine ministers out of ten which number was fixed by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the then Congress President. Of these then Maulana Azad had allotted three to Muslims including two seats to the Muslim League Party which offer was kept open until today. The Muslim League non-co-operating yet, arrangements have now been taken in hand to fill in the Muslim seats by non-League Muslims.

Compensation For Tamil Nad Congress Committee

MADRAS, Sept. 21 (UPI): The Madras Government have ordered payment of compensation for loss sustained by the Tamil Nad Provincial Congress Committee in respect of certain articles in the Congress House in Madras when the same was under Government possession during the time of the August disturbances.

It may be recalled that the Congress House was taken over by the Government on August 8, 1942, following the arrest of Congress leaders in connection with the adoption of the "Quit India" resolution by the A.I.C.C.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE RULES

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22 (U.P.I.): Sir B N. Rau, Constitutional Adviser to the Government of India, who has been placed in charge of the Constitution Assembly, is understood to be engaged at present in drafting rules of procedure for regulating deliberations of the Constituent Assembly. Besides studying closely the procedure which had been followed in case of such deliberative bodies in other countries before Sir B N. Rau is said to be proceeding with the business in consultation with Congress and Muslim League leaders.

It is understood that an agreed set of rules of procedure is being aimed at as it might minimise the changes of a hitch on technicalities when the Constituent Assembly is actually in session.

Baroda Members On Constituent Assembly

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD Sept. 19.

Of the three seats in the Constituent Assembly allotted to Baroda, one seat will go to Praja Mandal the second to a Government appointed member and the third to a State official.

Wallace To Launch 'Liberal Party'

First Left-Wing Political Organisation In U. S.

WASHINGTON, September 22, (Reuter): Washington expects Mr. Henry Wallace who resigned on Friday as Secretary of Commerce at President Truman', request to start soon on a "stumping" campaign across America, cables William Hardcastle, Reuter's Special Correspondent.

Mr. Wallace is the idol of powerful Liberal voting bloc across the Nation and on this vote the Democratic Party relies to a great extent to win this November Congressional election and the Presidential race two years hence.

The United States today faces the possibility of possessing an effective third political party for the first time for thirty years.

Mr. Wallace's resignation leaves open the vital domestic political question of his membership and support to the Democratic Party, whose election chances have been damaged by the past week's cabinet confusion.

In six weeks between now and polling in the Congressional elections Mr. Wallace is expected to content himself with supporting Democratic candidates.

Only after that will his intentions—and his political strength in commanding influence on left-wing policy be fully clarified.

Then he may try to form a "third party"—the Liberal Party, giving the nation its first left-wing political organisation of real strength.

The decision before Mr. Wallace is whether to invite a Republican Victory in 1948 by permanently splitting the Democratic Party or attempting to "Liberalise" the Democratic Party in accordance with his own views.

Rather than forming a third party, it is regarded as more likely that he will broaden his whole field of attack, attempting to force his Liberal policies on the Administration from outside in the hope that they will have been sufficiently publicised by the time the Presidential Election is held, to be endorsed at the polls.

United States Foreign Policy—and particularly United States' relations with Russia—has become the prime issue in the Congressional Campaign.

Wallace Not To Help Democratic Party?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22 (APA): Close friends of Henry A. Wallace, said yesterday that he would not give active aid to the Democratic Party in the November Congressional elections, but that that was about the only certain thing in his plans.

Mr. Wallace is firmly convinced, it is understood, that he cannot take part in the political campaign despite his potential influence in keeping new deal and left-wing elements in the party in the Truman fold.

He had said that he believes the Congressional elections hinge on foreign policy and that he cannot conscientiously support the Democrats since President Truman as head of the party, had repudiated his (Wallace's) views and given the fullest support to Secretary of State James F. Byrnes.

Bikini Test Seen In Bangalore

BANGALORE, Sept. 21 (A.P.I.): The underwater atomic test off Bikini caused a three-minute radio fade out in Bangalore. This was revealed by Prof. S. P. Chakravarti, Head of the Department of Electrical Technology, Indian Institute of Science, in an interview to the "Associated Press of India."

Prof Chakravarti, explaining in detail the experiments conducted in his Department said:

"When an atom bomb explodes under the water it may render the sea water radio-active and shoot up the expanding mass of ionized vapour mingled with radio-active matter to a large height (which was probably about two miles in the last test). This may produce temporary ionization over a very large area around the testing place not only on the surface, but at lower heights below the "E" region of the ionosphere and also possibly at greater heights.

The formation of this temporary "ionized or conducting layer" on the surface as well as at lower or greater heights covering a very large area around Bikini is the most important point, so far as the possible effect on radio-wave propagation from distant points in the Bangalore—Bikini direction at the time of the test and subsequent period is concerned.

EXPERIMENTAL ARRANGEMENTS

The experimental arrangements set up for simultaneous observations from midnight to 5 a. m. (I.S.T.) on the 25th July 1946 at the Department of Electrical Technology Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, were as follows:

(1) For observation on long wave of about 20,000 metres wave length—the British Radio Research Board directional recorder was set up for study of the propagation of atmospherics on 20,000 metres in the Bikini-Bangalore direction. The origin of such atmospherics might be at very large distances from Bangalore and the recording was arranged on the longest possible wave length in the long wave and to include atmospherics originating at greatest distances.

(2) For observing on short wave of 26.3 metres wave length—a sensitive field strength measuring arrangement was set up for measurement of the electric field intensity of an American short wave station on 25.3 metres in the direction of Bikini.

Since the portion of the transmission path through the ionosphere was in high and the other portion in darkness during the period of observation, 25.3 metres station was selected for observation in preference to others on wave lengths shorter or longer than 25.3 metres.

FADE OUT PHENOMENON.

With regard to the short wave of 25.3 metres wave length a phenomenon similar to the—"radio fade out" has been observed. It is known that the "radio fade out" or complete cessation of short wave signals for sometime may occur due to the production of ionisation at levels in the "E" layer at times of chrospheric eruptions in the sun. If the burst of an atomic bomb produces a temporary ionisation at level or levels below the "E" layer covering a large area around Bikini immediately or after some time, a short wave from the American station in the Bikini-Bangalore direction propagated in multi-transmission may suffer—"radio fade out" at least to some extent. According to our observations this fade out phenomenon on 25.3 metres commenced at about 47 minutes after the test and lasted for about three minutes.

Concluding Prof. Chakravarti said that without simultaneous observations on the same things at other parts of the world definite conclusions regarding the nature and extent of ionization at lower levels below the "E" layer or on the surface cannot be drawn at this stage. But it is hoped that in the near future more definite information will be available.

INDIA'S HOMAGE TO MAHATMA ON HIS BIRTHDAY

(Continued from Page 1.)

this flag in our hands. You all know the significance of this flag. For this very flag thousands of men and women have shed their blood. They had to go through all sorts of dangers and difficulties to keep afloat its prestige, and against enormous odds they have so far kept up its prestige. Gandhiji has shown how to keep the prestige of our flag through truth and non-violence. We want to make of this flag an example before the whole world."

Thus said Dr. Rajendra Prasad unfurling the tri-colour flag this morning at the Bhangi colony on the occasion of Gandhiji's birthday.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad added: "Today is Gandhiji's birthday. What he has done for this country and to uplift the nation from its miseries is not unknown to any Indian. We must pay homage and 'namaskar' to this great man who has raised our whole status. Let us pray to the Almighty on this occasion that Gandhiji's desire to live upto 125 years be fulfilled so that during these years the whole world may benefit from his great mission of truth and ahimsa. We do not want to subjugate any nation. We want to spread the significance of our flag and the Mahatma's message of truth and ahimsa in the whole world."

About 400 volunteers including 200 Sevikas saluted the tri-colour flag and sang the Vande Mataram song and other flag songs.

MAHATMA ON ENTHUSIASM WITHOUT DISCIPLINE

The Associated Press of India report says:

Mahatma Gandhi this evening after prayers expressed both shame and sorrow at his inability either to go to the exhibition or to take part in collective spinning which had been arranged in the same hall. He had been told that it was quite impossible for him to make his way through the crowd. When would they learn discipline he asked. And why should there be such an unruly crowd at a spinning competition?

"The ship of state would founder, if there was such indiscipline", Mahatma Gandhi continued. Their enthusiasm was commendable, but it could not bear fruit or increase the strength of the country, unless it was harnessed aright. He again exherted them all to take to sacrificial spinning and to do all their work quietly and in an orderly manner.

He regretted that he had 'per force' to observe silence today, and could not, therefore, speak to them himself.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Dr Rajendra Prasad, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Mr. Shankerrao Deo, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and others took part in the sacrificial spinning this evening.

HIS TASK NOT OVER YET

"It has been given to few individuals anywhere to see accomplished or nearly accomplished in their own life-time the task at once arduous and exalted to which they had dedicated themselves. But Gandhiji has been more fortunate. He has been enabled personall to lead his people at any rate into outskirts of the promised land," says Dr. Syud Hossain in a statement issued through the United Press of India in connection with Mahatma Gandhi's 78th birthday celebration.

Continuing, Dr. Syud Hossain says: "Mahatma Gandhi has already taken his place in history. In all the future histories of India the past quarter of a century will be designed as the Gandhian Epoch. Today, we are hailing signs and symbols of political freedom. But even before the advent of the National Government, Gandhiji had succeeded in achieving moral liberation of the Indian people from British bondage. He had broken the fetters of fear that bound them to a craven servitude. But his work is not done. The problem of national unity has become even more emergent relatively than the completion of national freedom. I trust that he will now address himself in earnest to restoration of Hindu-Muslim unity. He was the first Hindu leader who evoked willing allegiance and loyal devotion of millions of Indian Muslims. It was a tragedy when they fell away from his leadership. I think Gandhiji still has the power to recapture their confidence and rekindle their faith. If he succeeds, it will be the crowning achievement his real life work.

JEWS' TERMS FOR JOINING LONDON TALKS

JERUSALEM, Sept. 22 (Reuter): A Jewish Agency spokesman stated here today, that "free representation" was an indispensable condition of the Jewish Agency's participation in the London Palestine Conference.

This it was understood, meant that the Jewish Agency would hold out for the release of Mr. Moshe Shertock, head of the Political Department of the Jewish Agency, and other Jewish Agency leaders, who have been detained in the Latrun Detention Camp since June 29.

ONE IMMIGRANT KILLED

One Jewish illegal immigrant was killed when 600 Jews aboard the illegal immigrant ship "Palmach" resisted a boarding party from the British minesweeper "Rowena", three miles off the Lebanese coast early today, it is officially stated here.

Several other immigrants and a number of naval ratings received minor injuries during the clash. The boarding party used tear gas grenades to quell what is officially described as "very strong resistance."

The number of illegal immigrants on board the "Palmach" which reached Haifa under escort of "Rowena" is officially stated to be between 800 and 900.

T.N.T. IN BARS OF SOAP

A quantity of T.N.T. explosive was found inside bars of yellow soap on board the 'Palmach', when she reached Haifa, the Palestine Government announced tonight.

More than 1,000 persons, drivers and occupants of 400 vehicles, were stopped and questioned when British troops and the Palestine police held a "snap" road check outside Tel Aviv today. Traffic was halted for three hours. A number of Jews were held for further questioning.

One British officer was wounded in the foot and taken to hospital when terrorists ambushed a military truck, containing a party of British officers on the Haifa-Acre Road, in North Palestine, today, it is officially stated.

The Jewish resistance movement's secret radio "Voice of Israel" declared today that neither arms nor concentration camps would keep Jewish refugees from coming to Palestine, and that hundreds more were on their way."

JEWS IN DETENTION

Vaad Leumi, the Jewish National Council, in a statement said that 1,208 Jews are detained in various camps in Palestine and 300 in Eritrea.

G.P.O. EVACUATED THRICE

JERUSALEM, Sept. 22 (A.P.A.): The General Post-Office was evacuated on three occasions this morning, after being cleared four times yesterday in an increased reign of telephone terrorism.

HAIFA, Sept. 22 (Reuter): Jewish immigrants aboard Palmach, who are now believed to number 619, will be transhipped tomorrow morning to a British vessel for transfer to an internment camp in Cyprus, it is learned.

A shell fired by a minesweeper is believed to have caused casualties aboard the schooner which included ten Jews slightly wounded.

League Nominations For Sind Assembly

KARACHI, Sept. 22, (API). The members of the Muslim League Central Parliamentary Board will arrive in Karachi early next month to nominate League candidates for all the 35 Muslim seats to the Sind Assembly in the forthcoming elections. It is explained that due to some differences the Provincial Parliamentary Board which usually makes the selection of candidates has not yet been formed.

The members of the Central Parliamentary Board may stay in Karachi for about two weeks. This time Mr. G. M Syed is also putting up his own supporters against the League candidates in all the 35 constituencies.

FRONTIER MUSLIM LEAGUE

PESHAWAR, Sept. 22, (API). The Frontier Provincial Muslim League after a five-hour meeting held 'in camera' passed two resolutions. The first resolution condemned "atrocities" on Abdul Qayum Khan, Leawer of the Opposition in the Frontier Assembly, condemned the aerial bombardment in Wasiristan, while the second resolution which was moved by Khan mitted on the Frontier pathans in Bombay.

B. H. U. Expansion

BENARES, Sept. 22, (API). The Benares Hindu University with scholars numbering over 5,000 is to be enlarged. It has been decided to extend the Women's College and the Teachers' Training College. The latter will have a Women's Training Section. The University is starting a Civil Aeronautical Training section in the Engineering College.

For constructing the necessary building the Council of the University has decided today to appoint a Superintendent of Works.

Bevin-Byrnes Talks On Paris Speed-Up Plans

Two Deadlocks Face Peace Conference When It Meets Today

PARIS, Sept. 22, (Reuter): The "Big Four" Foreign Ministers are expected to meet early this week to discuss the schedule of the Paris Conference which enters its nine week to-morrow, faced with two deadlocks on major issues, writes Sylvain Mangeot, Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, who returned to Paris yesterday after a fortnight's absence in London, last night discussed with Mr. James Byrnes, the United States Secretary of State, the means of still further speeding up the Conference to enable the Foreign Ministers to dispose of the final draft of the Peace Treaties before leaving Paris.

The deadlines still being kept in mind are October 5 for the completion of the work in Conference Committees and Oct. 17 for the end of the plenary sessions.

It may be assumed that Mr. Ernest Bevin will want to consult his three colleagues on the Council of Foreign Ministers, although the actual calling of the "Big Four" meeting will be left to M. Georges Bidault, the French Premier, as the Conference "host".

It is believed that last night Mr. Bevin also discussed with Mr. Byrnes outstanding Conference problems, including Trieste and the Italian colonies.

Two deadlocks face the conference to-morrow:

(1) TRIESTE: Although the Italo-Yugoslav frontier issue has been more or less settled as a result of last week's rejection by the Italian Political and Territorial Committee of the various amendments of the so-called French Line, the Trieste Sub-Committee discussing the proposed Statute (Constitution) of the Free Territory, came to a standstill over the question whether or not the Governor should have the veto.

To-morrow, Britain, France and the United States, hitherto supporters of the veto, will give their answer to Yugoslavia's "last compromise" suggestion that the Governor should have veto on matters he considers would affect the integrity and independence of the territory, but not on internal matters.

Meanwhile, Yugoslavia is sticking to her declaration that she will not sign a Treaty with Italy based on the French Line.

(2). RUMANIAN OIL: "Competent authorities" of the Conference are this week-end seeking a way out of the deadlock which has resulted from "the dead heat" vote on the British proposals for special protection for United Nations oil interest in Rumania. This vote led to a long but inconclusive argument in the Committee yesterday.

For the first time since the Conference began, the controversial Italian colonies issue is likely to come up to-morrow.

The "Big Four" have already indicated their disagreement by including in the draft Italian Treaty a provision which postpones for an year the settlement of this issue.

RUMANIA CROSS-EXAMINED

Rumania was to-day subjected to a searching cross-examination on her economic situation in the Paris Conference to-day arising out of her appeal against the United States proposal that she would compensate in full the owners of damaged United Nations property, Britain and France support the American proposal, but the Soviet Union wants the compensation fixed at one-third.

The Rumanian representative said in answer to questions to-day that the damage to property owned by United Nations nationals amounted to well over 200 000.000 dollars, mostly to petroleum and transport industries. Expenses already incurred by Rumania of 1.000 000.000 dollars were incurred by maintaining the Russo-Rumanian Army.

The Balkan Economic Committee which questioned Rumania to-day set a precedent by being the first to meet on a Sunday morning.

The Committee adopted an addition to the Rumanian draft clauses laying down that Rumania should not be held responsible for damage in northern Transylvania which was under Hungary from 1940 to 1945. Another article entitling the Soviet Union to German assets was adopted and the Committee adjourned.

Hindu Sabha Welcomes Interim Govt.

CALCUTTA, Sept 22 (A.P.I.): The Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha today adopted a resolution congratulating the British Cabinet on its courage and wisdom in installing the Interim Government. It also urged the Interim Government to remember that this advance towards freedom had been rendered possible by the sustained sacrifice of millions of Hindus. The Committee called upon the Interim Government to do its duty by Hindus and rescue them from massacre and carnage, and alleged that Muslim Leaguers were devising fresh methods of oppression of the Hindus because they had the Governmental machinery at their disposal in some provinces.

The committee sat for three hours and discussed the present political situation, the recent Calcutta riot and the direct action decision of the Muslim League.

Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee presided.

Bombay, Venue Of Zonal Cricket?

Will Pentangular Tourney Be Discontinued?

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22 (A.P.I.): THE ZONAL CRICKET TOURNAMENT WILL IN FUTURE BE PLAYED AT THE BRABOURNE STADIUM, BOMBAY, IF THE ANNUAL BOMBAY PENTAGULAR CRICKET TOURNAMENT IS DISCONTINUED FROM THIS YEAR.

It had been originally intended that the Zonal Tournament should be played in rotation at all the important cricket centres in India. This season the festival was due to be played in Calcutta, some time in February 1947.

Although no decision was taken by the Board of Control for Cricket in India, at its last meeting at Baroda, it is understood that there was general agreement among members of the Board that the question who her the Pentangular should be continued or not should be given most careful consideration. The members were also of the opinion that if it became necessary to terminate this festival the Cricket Club of India should be given some equally important and attractive fixture as compensation, if the Cricket Club of India decide to discontinue the Pentangular the 1947 Zonal Tournament will be played in Bombay.

The discussion was initiated by the President of the Board, Mr. A. S. de Mello, who confessed that his view with regard to this Pentagular Tournament had undergone a sudden change. The gruesome Calcutta massacre of last month was still fresh in his mind when he went to Bombay in the midst of the recent riots there. He was convinced that in the present temper of the country, it was the duty of the Board to consider very carefully the advisability of holding the Pentagular Tournament this year or ever again in the future.

As already announced the proposal for the West Indies tour has been dropped, taking into consideration the huge expenditure involved.

To replace the tour, Mr. de Mello suggested that a team chosen and captained by the Nawab of Pataudi from among the players who recently toured England should play a programme of five matches at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Delhi and either Lahore or Poona, against the Rest of India.

The Board would appoint the Captain of the Rest and the team would be chosen by the Selection Committee recently appointed by the Board.

At the end of the programme, which would probably be about the end of February, the Captain and Team for the Indian Tour of Australia would be chosen. By this time the Ranji Trophy matches will have been completed, and the Zonal Tournament played marking the termination of the cricket season. During the summer months the selected team will be kept in practice with a series of matches at centres where the weather is not too hot, so that they will be a well-knit unity by the time they leave for Australia next August or September.

PIRETTE WINS 600,000 FRANCS RACE

PARIS, Sept. 20. (Reuter): Marcel le Baron's three-year-old filly Pirette by Deiri, out of Pimpette, today won the 600 000 francs Prix Vermeille for fillies, over about a mile and a half at Longchamp.

The second a neck behind, was James Hennessy's Pastourrelle with Marcel Brussac's Fiborade, another length and a half away as third.

SUMANTA MISRA WINS CHAMPIONSHIP

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22. (A.P.I.): Sumanta Misra by defeating Naresh Kumar became the holder of the Calcutta South Club Hard-Court Tennis Championship played at Woodburn Park, this evening.

P. C. Joshi On Banning Communist Party

BEZWADA, Sept. 22, (A.P.I.): The Communist Party in India has not been banned because of the serious consequences that may follow such a step both at home and abroad. It will not be easy for the Indian National Congress to ban this party and yet claim to be a progressive national organisation in this modern world, says Mr. P. C. Joshi, General Secretary of the Communist Party of India in a statement to-day.

COMMUNIST ATTACK ON BRITISH POLICY

LONDON, Sept. 22, (Reuter): Mr. Ted Bramley, Secretary of the London Communist Party, told thousands attending a rally at Trafalgar Square, London, to-day, that Britain's foreign policy had to answer for hostility to Russia, the restoration of Greek Monarchy, continued recognition of Franco-Spain and the tragic continuation of imperialist policy in Palestine.

FAILURE OF B. E. S. T. ELECTRICITY AGAIN

BOMBAY, Sept. 22, (A.P.I.): A Press Note issued by B. E.S. T. Says: the Press Note issued this morning the management regrets to inform the public that another of the Tata cables feeding their Masagaon receiving station has tilted.

This will unfortunately necessitate restricting the supply of electricity to the area south of Laibaug Back Bay expected.

Every endeavour is being made to restore supply. The public are requested to limit their use of electricity to the bare minimum.

This chain of failures—outside the control of B.E.S.T. is very much regretted.

NEW DELHI, 21 (A.P.I.): More modern quarters and better living conditions for Indian personnel and officers of the Royal Indian Navy, the Army and the Royal Indian Air Force in place are proposed in a report issued by a special Inter-Services Committee set up by the War Department this year.

INDIA'S 'WEST POINT' AT KHADAKVASLA

Dr. Amarnath Jha Explains Aims Of Proposed National War Academy

BOMBAY, Sunday: The aims of the proposed Indian National War Academy, which would train India's future warriors and equip them to man the Indian Army, Navy and Air Force were explained at a luncheon today by Dr. Amarnath Jha, Vice-Chairman of the Working Committee of the Academy.

KHER ON INDIA'S NEW ROLE

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, who was also present on the occasion said that the notion that Indians would not be able to occupy high ranks in the army had been dispelled by recent events.

Mr. Kher added that one of the tasks of the Academy would be to make India self-sufficient in the matter of her defence. "But" the Premier declared, "we have no ambitions or designs on other countries or empires."

Indians had built empire but they were not by swords. India's message was not of the sword but that of Ahimsa, India's ambitions in the future were not those of the sword but of the spirit. It was a difficult task to predict it now, but if he believed in one thing, it was in the destiny of the human race. All that was happening in this country was to enable the human race to attain that destiny, that was to do away with the law of the jungle and substitute in its place that of the spirit.

DOUBLE ASPECTS

Dr. Amarnath Jha outlining the aims and objectives of the Academy agreed with the Premier in regard to the necessity to keep in view two aspects of human life, the aspects of the spirit and of matter. It was their hope that the education that would be imparted at the Academy would lose sight of neither of the two aspects.

Dr. Jha said that it was in May, 1945, that the Government of India decided that the War Memorial in India should take the form of an academy for the training of all future officers of the three services and a Committee was formed in this connection with the C.-in-C. Field Marshal Sir Claude Auchinleck as the Chairman.

Dr. Jha paid tributes to the C-in-C, for his initiative in this matter.

The Government of India also decided that the model for this Indian Academy should be the United States Academy at West Point and that a small committee, consisting of three civilians and three service officers should visit the U.S.A. Canada and United Kingdom in this connection.

Dr. Jha recalled his visit to the West Point and other military academies in the United States as well as in the United Kingdom and said he had his colleagues had submitted a report to the Government of India on the method of training in these institutions. The Government had very carefully considered this report before deciding to establish a National War Academy in the country. The Academy would be situated at Khadakvasala in the suburbs of Poona and would give training both in academic and professional subjects.

The War Department had reckoned that 600 officers would be needed for the three services every year—the Indian Army, Navy and Air Force. It had been decided that recruitment of the services would be by open competition without any reservation for any province, state or the so-called martial classes.

LEAGUE PROPAGANDA IN FRONTIER EXPOSED

(Continued from page 1)

the countryside. The bombing went on an extensive scale for a full month. It needed a certain amount of explanation how only five persons were killed.

THE IRONY OF IT

"It is an irony of fate that those who are out to disturb the peace of the border and foment communal trouble are allowed to infiltrate into the tribal territory and incite the tribesmen to rise for a 'Jehad', while to those who are non-violent and carry the gospel of peace, the doors are barred. The Pathans should see through this game clearly. The happenings in Calcutta should be a lesson to everybody. It is the poor and the innocent who suffer, while those who put the match sit secure in their guarded homes."

Referring to Mr. Abdur Rab Nishtar's charge that Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan wanted the enslavement of the independent tribesman, he said: "I do not want anything of the kind. What I said was that now that we had a National Government at the Centre, it should be in a position to solve our economic and other complex problems and create a new bond of amity and brotherhood between us and the tribesmen."

Concluding Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan said:

"The real trouble in the Frontier is that the reactionary elements, who have so far enjoyed positions of power now see the ground slipping from under their feet. It is they who are trying to exploit the name of religion in one last attempt to maintain their position.

The "United Press of India" gathers from informed sources that the messenger who brought two sealed covers from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and delivered them to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and the Frontier Premier, Dr. Khan Saheb, was probably Mr. Weightman, Secretary, External Affairs Department, India Government. Mr. Wightman now is believed to be on a visit to Kabul and is expected back here within the next few days.

Political circles who forecast a formal meeting between the Khan Brothers and Pandit Nehru is expected to take place after return of Mr. Weightman, whose presence they deem necessary during the talks.

WHEN JAWAHAR WILL VISIT CEYLON

COLOMBO, (By Air Mail), (U. P. A.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Head of India's new Interim Government is expected in Ceylon in the first week of October according to reports received here.

Pandit Nehru, accompanied by Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, was originally scheduled to have arrived in Colombo early September but pressure of work prevented him from doing so. It is now not known whether Mr. Rajagopalachari will accompany Pandit Nehru.

R

RENEWAL OF RATION CARDS

(Week September 22 to September 28)

The work of renewing current foodgrains, sugar and supplementary ration cards for heavy manual labour in Bombay City for the year 1947 by pasting slips over them, will be done during this week at the shops mentioned below.

Those whose basic foodgrains, heavy manual ration cards and sugar cards are registered at any of those shops should send all the cards of the household on the usual day during the week when they normally draw their rations and get them renewed. Cards should be got renewed even if no rations are to be drawn during the week.

RATIONS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO BE DRAWN ON UNRENEWED CARDS DURING SUBSEQUENT WEEKS.

The hours of renewal and also for the issue of rations at the ration shops concerned, during the week will be 8 A.M. to 11-30 A.M. and 2 P.M. to 5-30 P.M. and at the Government Grain Shops from 8 A.M. to 12 noon and 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

N.B.—All the Ration Shops and Government Grain Shops below will remain closed on Friday and open on Sunday during this and the next week.

A WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 1, 4, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 19, 348, 349, 352, 353, 354, 381, 426, 428, 479, 503, 515 and 549. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 2, 11, 124, 151, 155, 162, 175 and 182. COM. STORES—Nos. 17 and 38. CO.-OP. STORES—Nos. 20, 24 and 27.

B WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 36, 38, 39, 40, 42, 385 and 413. COM. STORES—Nos. 14 and 43. CO.-OP. STORES—Nos. 12 and 15. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 37, 41, 47, 87, 117 and 199.

C WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 49, 51, 52, 56, 79, 81, 85, 117, 355, 429, 446, 447, 452, 477, 486, 506, 521 and 524. GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 3, 8, 76, 127, 142, 153, 154, 168 and 172. COM. STORES—Nos. 10, 12, 27, 31, 39, 42, 49, 53 and 54. CO.-OP. STORES—Nos. 9, 26, 28 and 30.

D WARD—RATION SHOPS—Nos. 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 125, 130, 131, 132, 133, 135, 136, 137, 147, 149, 153, 161, 372, 373, 374, 375, 437, 473, 474, 475, 485, 536 and 552. GOVT GRAIN SHOPS—Nos. 5, 24, 25, 32, 85, 81, 88, 101, 109, 118, 122, 135, 157, 164, 165 and 220. COM. STORES—Nos. 6, 22, 36, 48, 58 and 67. CO.-OP STORES—Nos. 3 and 5.

World's Greatest Cricket Story VII

Aussies Wrest Back The Ashes..

By Walter Hammond

The Body-line bowling was vicious and needed stopping as Hammond knew to his own cost. The West Indies players Constantine and Martindale tried it against Hammond during a test at Old Trafford, and he had to go off the field with his chin badly cut.

The bodyline storm of 1932-33 had a sequel when the Australians came to England in '34 to wrest back the ashes. Jardine, Larwood, Voce and Carr, refused to play against the visitors, and this naturally weakened the English team, and cost them the rubber.

One of the things that set us all on edge in that bodyline tour was that an excessively hot summer made the enormous and fatiguing train journeys between matches almost unbearable. Jardine had been chosen to lead us partly because the Selectors felt that more discipline was necessary; it always is necessary in Australia because of this terrible boredom and senseless travelling. A clause in our agreements categorically forbade us to go anywhere by aeroplane; yet even in those days, there were some fine air services between Australian State capitals.

Touring teams travel about 25,000 miles inside Australia. Sometimes, three days and nights in a rattling, shaking train are required to cover 2,000 miles between two matches. An aeroplane would complete the journey in comfort in ten hours or less.

Secrets Of Big Cricket

Matches have sometimes to be finished in a tearing hurry, and everyone has to race off to the station, because to miss a train for a 2,000-mile journey "is a serious matter, and may dislocate an entire touring programme. It is greatly to be hoped that air travel will be permitted in future, where journeys are difficult and tiring. I would not advocate air travel everywhere.

Just Damn-All!

During the 1932 tour Eddie Paynter wrote a letter home saying: "Dear Father: This country is just hundreds and hundreds of miles of damn-all, and then hundreds and hundreds of miles more of it." That is what it looks like from the train.

Even on shipboard, some of the passages are inclined to drag. We found ourselves at a loose end sometimes on the journey back from Australia across the Pacific. I play chess a good deal with Lea Ames, so I am all right, except when a lot of passengers gather round to watch and I make a false move! We all played cards a good deal. English teams are not interested in big gambling games on these ocean journeys. A few shillings may change hands over the cards, or a few drinks be won or lost, but it works out pretty even by the end of the trip. I have been told that the Australians sometimes plunge a bit, but probably no more than they are accustomed to do at home, where more betting per head of population is said to take place than anywhere else on earth.

There is a story that on one trip to England they played poker all the time, and as this is a game where a lot can be lost in a short time, some of them were a good deal out of pocket when they got to Europe. So they deputed 'Horseshoe' Collins, whose luck was known almost all over the world, to go to Monte Carlo and have a real flutter with a pool of money subscribed in innocent good faith by the team. It was quite a lot, as those who had won subscribed all their winnings.

"Horseshoe", as usual, found the going good and broke the Bank. After which, the tour went placidly on its course, those who had suffered any poker losses being recompensed tenfold. That was a typical Australian solution, for nothing in this world can alarm them.

Perish All Perils

Whatever they may do when they play poker, Australian touring teams are jealously guarded on their voyages, against all perils that can beset them. On some recent tours, not merely were players' wives not allowed to accompany the team, but each man had to sign a written guarantee that neither his wife nor children should leave Australia during the tour!

No one but members of the Australian team was to be permitted inside any room reserved for their players during the trip, and sharp fines were exacted for any infringement of this rule. It was aimed principally against the risk of indiscreet things being said to the Press, and it had an amusing sequel. When King George V visited the team, and the members were presented to him, a famous batsman whose name I would not for the world divulge began in embarrassment: "Well, not for publication, Your Majesty...." The King's laugh saved the situation.

On another English tour, every member of the Australian side had to sign his name beforehand 500 times, so that there should be enough autographs to go round when they landed, to avoid the risk that players might develop "writers' cramp." O'Reilly, a schoolmaster by profession, told me that he would never set 'lines' to his pupils again after that experience.

Owing to Don Bradman's determination, when he became Australian captain, many irksome touring restrictions were abolished.

Shades Of Bodyline

Immediately after our 'bodyline tour', this dangerous bowling was used against us by the West Indies tourists. In a Test at Old Trafford, Constantine and Martindale tried it out. I got my chin badly cut, and had to go off; it took me some time to recover from the knock. I should not have cared to face such stuff on the faster and harder Australian wickets.

During the Australian tour of England in 1934, this bodyline bother suddenly boiled over once more. A message from Jardine declared suddenly that he would not play against them. Larwood made a similar proclamation, and was supported by Voce and Arthur Carr.

Whatever were the rights and wrongs of the matter, it put the Selectors in a hole. Jardine seemed England's obvious skipper and Voce and Larwood were the spearhead of our attack. Duleep, who would otherwise have been a certainty, was too ill to play, and Jack Hobbs had retired. Prospects were black.

Walters was appointed Captain in his first Test match, though rumour had it for a few days that the series would be cancelled. We lost the first Test, and won the second, in which Verity, the hardest bowler to hit whom I have ever faced, took 14 wickets in 50 overs, a performance I do not expect to see equalled in my lifetime.

In the third Test, which was a draw, an amusing thing happened. England won the toss, and the game went along quietly for a time, without a wicket falling. Then the ball went out of shape and a new one was fetched. There must have been magic in it, for O'Reilly had Walters caught and Wyatt bowled off successive balls.

And I was next man in!

Deadly Silence

There was a deadly silence as I took my guard, while forty thousand people waited for the hat trick. As the ball slipped past my sticks into the wicket-keeper's gloves, you could hear a sigh of relief go right round the stands. The relief was too much —several of the world's most famous cricket correspondents darted out of the Press box to get a quick one while I settled down to break the bowling. But—O'Reilly got me next ball!

The next test was also a draw, though Bradman got 304, and but for the rain, we should have suffered an innings defeat. Then, with the country tense and the deciding Test still to play, bodyline burst into the headlines once more.

The Australians played Notts, Voce bowled very fast bumpers to a crowded leg-side field, but on the third day he did not turn out. Carr has said since that the Australians threatened to abandon the game in the middle if Voce were allowed to go on bowling. Whatever the truth may be, the crowd started a terrific demonstration when they realised his absence. Later, many of the Notts Committee resigned, and Carr, who was not captaining the side on the fatal day, 'got the sack', to use his own words.

If ever I have wished to go somewhere very quickly by Underground, it was at that moment! What tickled me afterwards was the way those Press correspondents, who meanwhile were peacefully cooling the insides of their necks, subsequently described such details as Bill O'Reilly's "grim look", and the particular stroke I played at the fatal ball!

Overdoping Of Wickets

Everybody was sorry. Four of the most colourful personalities and best players England has ever had were lost for a time, and though Bill Voce came back later, the others did not. I hate bodyline bowling, but these were men England could not spare. We lost the final Test of the 1934 series, and the Ashes, for lack of them, and their loss was felt for many a year.

I doubt if we shall ever see truly great fast bowlers of the calibre of Larwood, Kortright and Jack Gregory again, unless something is done to stop the over-doping of wickets. I am a batsman, and such wickets mean high scores; but for the good of the game, I want to see them disappear. I have played on plumb wickets, in Tests and other games, when I have pitied the fast bowlers from the bottom of my heart, and when the only way a batsman could get out was by making a bad mistake.

I think chemical dopes of all sorts should be banned on all pitches. Otherwise, the game will be increasingly weighted on the side of the batsman, huge scores will become boring, and nothing but spin bowlers will be required.

TOMORROW: AMATEURS AND PROFESSIONALS

Will Bradman Play Against England?

ADELAIDE, Sept. 22 (Reuter).

Don Bradman's operation, which necessitated his absenve from business oor a few days, has caused a set-back in his plans to play against the England cricketing tourists. Though he has returned to work, Bradman will not disclose the nature of the trouble.

The England tourists are expected to arrive in freemantle in the early hours of Tuesday next, September 24.

Ceylonese Baxing Champion For Britain

COLOMBO, Sept. 22 (API): Albert Pereira, Ceylon's feather-weight boxing champion who has been invited to participate in British Amateur Championships is proceeding to England by the ship "Arundel Castle" on Tuesday next.

Colombo Lawn Club Men's Singles Title

COLOMBO, Sept. 22 (API): Mr. F. J. de Saramwho recently defeated the Indian player D. R. Kapinathy won the Colombo Lawn Club Men's Singles title yesterday gaining a straight victory of 6/0, 7/5, 6/1 over Mr. L. P. Ernest.

MADURA, Sept. 21 (API): The Additional District Magistrate, Madura, has extended for a further period of one month the order under Section 144. Cr. P.C. prohibiting assembly of more than five persons and carrying of lethal weapons.

GWALIOR NEWSLETTER:

STATE CONGRESS RELEASES PROGRAMME

The Gwalior State Congress has released a plan of intensive propaganda and strong mass organisation in connection with the immediate demand made on the Gwalior Government by the State Congress on behalf of the forty lacs people of the state. The plan will come in force from the week beginning with Gandhi-Jayanti. The demand in brief is as follows:—

Only one assembly in place of two should be constituted, a cabinet responsible to that assembly should be formed to function the Government in the interim period, only popularly elected members should be delegated to the Indian Constituent Assembly and to frame a constitution for the Gwalior state a popular constituent assembly should be summoned.

If the Government does not take steps towards the fulfilment of this immediate demand, the State Congress in its open session to be held in the first week of November will decide as to what should be the next move of the people. The members of the State Congress Working Committee will tour the districts from Oct. 2 to 9 in connection with the materialisation of the plan.

CLOTH STOLEN FROM GOVERNMENT OFFICE.

A sensation was created in the Secretariat of the Gwalior Government when a typist clerk belonging to a well connected family was arrested on the charge of stealing about 100 yards of cloth from the Textile Commissioner's office. The cloth was stolen from a lot lying in the Commissioner's office where it had been brought in connection with some enquiry. Several pieces, it is said, were found hidden in his trousers when he was searched by the police.

Congress Party In Benares State Assembly To Resign

BENARES, Sept. 21 (API): The Congress Party in the Legislative Assembly (Praja Mandal) of the Benares State numbering seven out of the 19 elected members, is contemplating resigning from the Assembly EN BLOC on the ground that the Dewan President of the Assembly, disallawed the party's resolution uring complete responsible Government under the aegis of the Maharaja.

The State administration is being run at present by a Council and a Regent, the Maharaja being ill (still a minor).

GUJERATI SAHITYA PARISHAD

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Sept. 20.

Mr. Jhaverchand Meghani, the renowned folk-lorist of Greater Gujarat, has been elected President of the Literature section of the forthcoming Rajkot session of the Gujerati Sahitya Parishad, scheduled to commence on October 18, in order that he might disengage the cults of the ancient Aryan wizards from the incrustations super-imposed on the characteristically Aryan folk-lore and superstitious custom by the various influxes affecting the Aryan culture, thereby showing with a wealth of veridical detail how all we have and are is due to the genius of the prehistoric artists and mystics who, by their appreciation of the possibilities of a "great beyond", sowed the seed from which our modern advanced state of knowledge has grown.

Porbunder Maharaja's Bright Century

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT Sept. 20.

The lovers of bighter cricket in Kathiawar welcome the debut recently made in the realm of cricket by His Highness the Maharaja Manarana Saheb of Porbander State fourteen years after he had given up cricket on return from England to which he had led the Indian team. In the circumstances, his magnificent innings of 110 runs recently made at Porbandar in a trial of strength with the visiting Junagadh team has elicited widespread applause from the cricket fans.

AIR SERVICES IN U. P.

Govt. Plan To Encourage Private Enterprise

LUCKNOW, Sept. 21 (API): The United Provinces Government are preparing a scheme for the operation of Air Services on routes and in areas within the province where such services do not already exist.

The present position is that Cawnpore and Allahabad are linked with Delhi and Calcutta by both International and Indian air services while Lucknow and Cawnpore are linked with Bhopal and Bombay by an Indian Service. A local air service, sponsored by the Provincial Government, is operating a daily service between Lucknow and Delhi via Bareilly and Rampur.

To encourage private enterprise to take up this scheme Government propose to provide intending companies' assistance in various forms.

I. N. Airways Purchase 25 Aircraft

KARACHI, Sept. 21, (A. P. I.): Indian National Airways have purchased about 25 aircraft, which include Vicker (Vikings), De Haviland Doves, and Bristol Wayfarers, said Mr. A. F. T. Cambridge, Managing Director of the Company, on return to Karachi from London today.

Mr. Cambridge visited London to purchase the fleet for inland and overseas' routes. The first Vicker Viking aircraft is expected to arrive in Karachi early next week.

Mr. Cambridge later left for Delhi.

No "Flying Ranee" For Some Time

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Passengers and Traffic Relief Association states that from October an additional train will be run in the afternoon on Tapty Valley Railway. It will leave Surat in the afternoon at 3-15, and will terminate at Bhusaval. It will return to Surat in the morning at 11-15 a.m. the timings of the morning train was also suitably altered.

Similarly Bulsar-Surat local will be extended to Ahmedabad and Surat Nandurbar train to Bhusaval.

There is no possibility of resuming the Flying Ranee for some time more.

PRINCE OF SOLIDS

Sir C. V. Raman On "Story Of The Diamond"

COLOMBO, Sept. 21 (API).—A new experimental discovery of his that there are four structural forms of diamonds was explained with an exhibition of photographs by world-famed Indian Scientist, Sir C. V. Raman, in his second concluding address this evening at the second annual session of the Ceylon Association of Science.

Experiments with various diamonds and diamond plates with X-ray and ultra-violet radiation had proved that diamonds could be classified into positive and negative octohedral forms and positive and negative tetrahedral forms. Inorganic chemistry would have to change its theories to fit these experimental results in, he added.

Sir C. V. Raman who was delivering a lecture on "the story of the diamond", said the Diamond is the prince of solids generally and perhaps the prince of Crystals in particular. Apart from the impolicity of the chemical constitution of its atoms, the diamond is of great interest to students of the solid State of matter, as it has the remarkale distinction of being one of the most remarkably perfect of crystals.

What emerged from the experiments was the remarkable fact that every crystal and diamond is an individualistic piece though retaining some fundamental correlating property. Explaining the four different forms, he said they are crystallographically different. It was ultimately found that the more intimately these four forms mixed together in the crystal the more effulgence emitted and the greater its price in money. This has been proved quantitatively and the results have been photographically obtained.

RAMAN FOR MADRAS

Sir C. V. Raman left for Madras this morning by air and was seen off at the Ratmalana aerodrome by his host in Colombo Mr. Nadarajah and Professor Kandiah and Dr. Fouseka of the Ceylon University.

Our C. P. Letter

Three Municipalities To Be Superseded

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Sept. 9.

It is reliably reported that the Provincial Government has decided to supersede the Municipal Committees of Nagpur, Jubbulpore and Wardha.

The President of the Raipur Municipal Committee, Thakur Pyarelal Singh, an ex-member of the short-lived Khare's second Cabinet, has resigned because he was not pulling well with his nominee vice-presidents. The President of the Bhandara Municipal Committee has already resigned, and an Officer-in-charge has been appointed run the administration.

RAJAH RAM MOHAN ROY

Move To Bring Remains To India

MADRAS, Sept. 21, (API): Efforts are being made to bring to India from England the remains of the great Indian social reformer and founder of the Brahmo Movement, Rajah Ram Mohan Roy.

The Rajah died on September 27, 1833 in England, where he was on a tour, and his remains were interred in Bristol.

The suggestion that the remains of the Indian reformer should be brought over to India was made by the Yuvaraja of Pithapuram to Dr. P. K. Sen, an ardent Brahmo follower, who has convened a public meeting in Simla on September 27.

HE WAS GIVEN UP FOR LOST!

The life of no child in the throes of acute Liver complaint need be given up for lost.

If on account of ignorance, neglect or inapt treatment the child's condition is getting bad and further symptoms, such as, hardening of the Liver, pain over the region of the Liver, high temperature, jaundice (shown by the condition of yellowness of urine, eyes and skin), collection of fluid in the abdomen, distension of the abdomen, protuberance of the abdominal veins, swelling of legs, face and hands, are developing, it need not be given up for lost, as there is still every hope that the child will recover even at this stage if proper care is taken in conjunction with JAMMI'S LIVERCURE "COMPLICATED."

For over 30 years, Jammi's Livercure has earned the reputation of reclaiming thousands of children from the jaws of death, and it may be truly described as the only recognised remedy for INFANTILE LIVER & SPLEEN COMPLAINTS.

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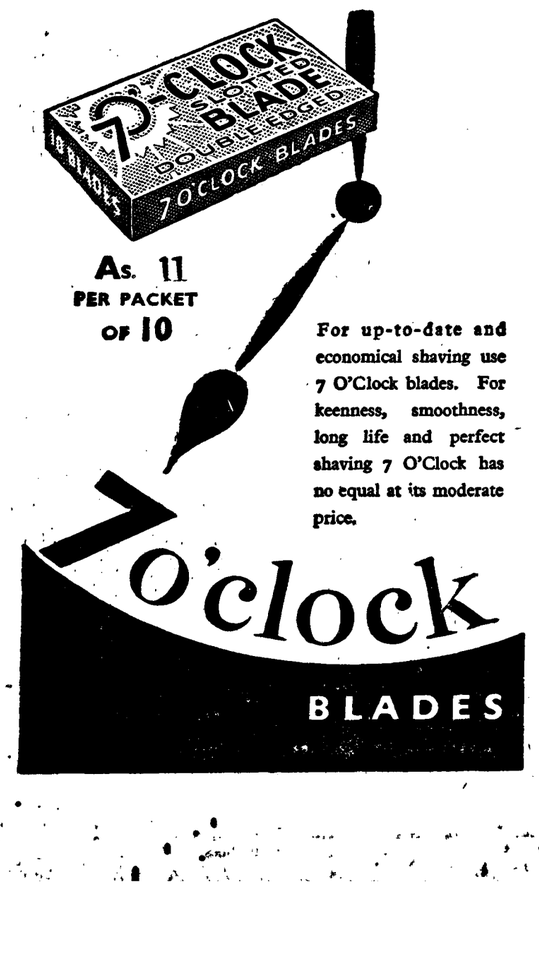
GLAXO Instruction Book on Infant Management obtainable for 4 as. stamps. Send name and address (in block letters) to H. J. Foster & Co., Ltd., P. O. Box 202, Bombay No. 1.



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7 O'clock BLADES

BRITISH INDUSTRY proves claims of Oravac

Actual tests in Great Britain's largest factories where the Oravac treatment was reserved for war workers, show that nine out of every ten cases treated with Oravac, colds were prevented. This striking achievement was due to the modern method of immunisation which aims at preventing disease by building up resistance. Oravac stimulates the system to produce protective substances. By this means germs are destroyed *before* infection can get a hold. You, too, can prevent colds and their dangerous complications by taking a course of

Oravac
ANTI-COLD TREATMENT
FOR COLDS & COMPLICATIONS
Treatment is simplicity itself. Three teaspoonsful in water once a week for ten weeks. No troublesome inoculations. Write for leaflet.
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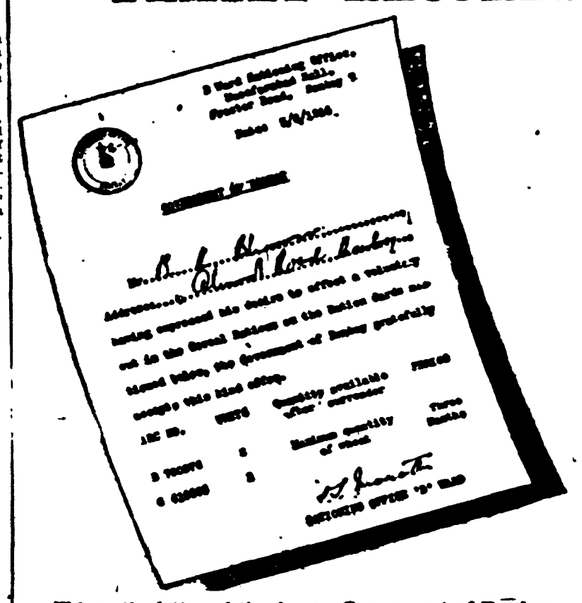


This is the letter of thanks the Government of Bombay sends to those who agree to forgo their cereal ration at the present time. When your children grow up, will you be able to show them a letter like this testifying that you donated your wheat or rice ration to help the poor of the Province in the critical year 1946?

Make the Sacrifice Now – Don't Hesitate

The objection most frequently put forward is: "I can't surrender my cereal ration because my servants need it," ... but this is not a valid excuse. First, it is the duty of every citizen to abstain from drawing a ration which he or she cannot himself or herself consume. Secondly, if your servant is properly paid or if you feed him adequately, his own cereal ration could be supplemented with vegetables or meat or fish, thus giving him far better nutrition than from a diet composed of cereals alone. Thirdly, remember that the people of Bombay Province and India as a whole are today living on a 12 oz. ration, and that your servant should not be given preferential treatment at the expense of those in our scarcity areas who are much worse off than he is. Face these facts and fill up this form NOW.

The space for this advertisement has kindly been donated by Food Department, Government of India.

The People's Provincial Food Council, Date.....
187, Hornby Road, Bombay 1.

Dear Sirs,

My name is.....
(block letters)

I willingly agree not to draw my rice/wheat ration for a period of three months from this date, and I authorise you to inform Government accordingly. This is subject to the cereal ration being maintained by Government during that period at the present level.

Ration Card No. Yours truly,

Ration Shop No. (Signature)

Address

Police Raids On Communist Hqs. In South Africa

Indian Congress Office Also Searched

DOCUMENTS REMOVED FROM SECRETARY'S RESIDENCE

JOHANNESBURG, September 21, (Reuter): The offices of the Natal Indian Congress at Mauritzburg, the Indian Trade Union offices in Durban and a private homes of some Indian leaders were searched by the Police today in the course of country-wide searches of Communist headquarters.

In Capetown, the search extended to offices of the "Springbok Region" an ex-Soldiers' organisation with a big membership.

Among the Indian houses searched were those of Mr. Debi Singh, Chairman of the Passive Resistance Council and Mr. D. Naidoo, Joint Secretary of the Natal Indian Congress, who is at present serving a six months sentence. Mr. A. I. Meer, Joint Secretary, stated that the Police did not search the Congress office in Durban or the office of the Passive Resistance Council.

The raids were made on Cape Town, Durban, Maritzburg, Kimberley, Port Elizabeth, East London, Pretoria and East Rand.

After searching the Indian Congress Office the Maritzburg police went to the Secretary's home and took the documents away.

"ISLAMIC LEAGUE OF S. AFRICA" DISOWNED

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 21 (Reuter).—The President of the Transvaal Muslim League, Mr. M. A. Dinanath, in a statement today disowned the "Islamic League of South Africa" which cabled to Pandit Nehru, Mr. Jinnah, Mahatma Gandhi and two Indian newspapers earlier this week. Mr. Dinanath said that "the League has neither members nor a constitution but is composed of two men recently expelled from the Muslim League for disciplinary reasons. They have no right whatever to speak for the Muslims of Transvaal who are united in one strong body."

More Women To Join Satyagraha

DURBAN, Sep.. 21 (Reuter).—Rev. Michael Scott, the European clergyman who has served a sentence for trespass in support of the passive resistance movement, was released from gaol today.

Meanwhile, the Transvaal Indian community is arranging a big welcome for Miss Zainap Asvat who is being released next week. Dr. Yusuf Dadoo, the Transvaal Leader, will be released on September 26 and will receive a big welcome at a mass meeting on Sunday. He has agreed to give evidence before the Penal Reform Commission at the request of the Transvaal Indian Congress and his evidence, based on his own experience, is expected to be most valuable to the community.

It was announced today that ten Indian women have left Pretoria to take part in the resistance campaign in Durban. They include Mrs. Perumal Pillay, daughter of the late Thambi Naidoo—an outstanding Transvaal leader of the struggle which began in 1906—and Miss Maniben Sita, daughter of the Chairman of the Transvaal Resistance Council.

SATYAGRAHA SHOULD BE THEIR ONE AND ONLY WEAPON

Gandhiji's Advice To S. African Indians

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 22 (A. P. I.): "From my own experience, my firm advice to Indians in South Africa is that they should, on no account, be lured away into throwing aside the matchless weapon of Satyagraha. The only condition is that Satyagraha should be their one and only weapon. If they go astray from the path of non-violence they will conform to the description of the poor woman who as an Indian proverb goes, went in search of a son and succeeded in losing her husband", writes Mahatma Gandhi in to-day's "Harijan" under the caption, "Tired of Satyagraha."

Commenting on the news from Durban that a group of Indians have sprung up in South Africa who have lost faith in Satyagraha. Mahatma Gandhi writes:—

News comes from Durban that a group of Indians has sprung up in South Africa, who have lost faith in Satyagraha. They cherish the dream that they can overthrow the rule of the White Man there, only by joining forces with the Negroes, the coloured people, other Asiatics and European sympathisers and adopting violent means. The rumour, if there is any truth in it, is disturbing and a definite fly in the ointment. All whether they believe in non-violence or not, should realise that Indians in South Africa gained worldwide esteem simply because inspite of being a handful, they showed infinite capacity for suffering and did not through losing their patience, resort to sabotage and violence. They learnt the wholesome lesson that true well-being springs from suffering and that victory lies in unity. From my own experience my firm advice to Indians in South Africa is that they should, on no account, be lured away into throwing aside the matchless weapon of Satyagraha.

This does not however imply that they are not to accept the help of the coloured people, Negroes and many other sympathisers or that they will not help them in their need, should occasion arise The only condition is that a Satyagraha should be their one and only weapon. If they go astray from the path of non-violence, they will conform to the description of the poor woman, who as an Indian proverb goes, went in search of a son and succeeded in losing her husband.

Gandhiji's Assurance To Correspondents

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 22 (API).—Writing under the caption "An Appeal to Correspondents" Gandhiji says:—Some good people waste money on sending wires, asking me to secure seats on the Interim Government, others in matters of strikes in various places, yet others in matters of fasting. To all these, I would say that they not only take unnecessary trouble and waste money but pile work on an overworked group of co-workers and helpers without securing needed help from me. I have no wish to influence the National Cabinet in the choice of co-ministers and I hold that it would be wrong on my part or anybody else's to do so.

The members of the Cabinet should be left undisturbed in their choice if they are to render National service in an efficient and honest manner. In matters of strikes and fasts my views are well known. These should give sufficient guidance when and where required. It is impossible and improper for me to give opinion on incomplete and one-sided data. And I have no time for studying individual cases. I have only limited capacity left in me. I assure correspondents that it is being exercised to the full extent without needing further additions.

CARETAKER OF NEHRU CABINET

American Journalist On Gandhiji's Role

NEW YORK, Sept. 22 (Reuter).—The "New York Times", New Delhi correspondent says that Mahatma Gandhi intends to continue his political activities for many years to come in what he believes to be the interests of his countrymen. He will, in effect, maintain a watchful eye on the National Government and vigorously promote incorporation of his special and economic aims in the political structure of the Government of India. Such impression, the correspondent said, was gained in a talk with Mahatma Gandhi supplementing a scrutiny of recent political developments in the first two weeks of India's popular Cabinet.

The correspondent adds that one thing that has become clear in recent weeks is that "Mahatma Gandhi is almost unchallenged as the real core of this Government. His spiritual authority as in the past gives him massive influence that no politician dares ignore."

U. S. Indians "Excited And Hopeful"

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21 (UPA): Dr. Anup Singh returned here today to resume his work as secretary of the National Committee for India's Freedom and editor of the "Voice of Freedom" after his over two months trans-continental lecture tour.

He said he found United States Indians "excited and hopeful" over the prospects of early Indian freedom but distressed over the Congress-Muslim League rift.

Sudan's Case For U. N. O.?

KHARTOUM, Sept. 22 (Reuter): Sudanese Graduates meeting at Omdurman have telegraphed Mr. Ernest Bevin and Lord Stansgate, head of the British Treaty Delegation to Egypt, protesting against Britain's "intention to continue the Condominium rule for Sudan".

A telegram supporting Egypt's Nile Valley unity principle was sent to Ismail Sidky Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister. Abdullah Mirghani, Secretary of the Sudanese Delegation sent to Egypt last month in connection with Anglo-Egyptian treaty talks, told the students: "It is in the interest of the Sudan that the Anglo-Egyptian negotiations should be broken down and the case referred to United Nations."

The future of the Sudan has been one of the stumbling blocks in Anglo-Egyptian negotiations for revision of the 1936 treaty.

Britain is reported to favour continuation of Condominium rule of Britain and Egypt, with the Sudanese free eventually to decide their own future, while Egypt is said to desire "Unity of the Nile Valley" with Egyptian Sovereignty over the Sudan.

T.U.C. LEADERSHIP SPLIT IN FRANCE

Cabinet Move For Compromise

PARIS, Sept. 22 (Reuter): The French policemen's Trade Union has announced that on Wednesday the police will join the civil servants' strike, which has already brought out 100,000 employees, it was learnt here tonight.

In northern France, bank and stock exchange employees have decided to come out on Monday.

Civil Service strikers are demanding increases "on account" in view of higher wages expected to result from revision of the entire Civil Service Statute due to become operative in January.

Behind the strike lies a fierce fight for an upper hand inside the French Trade Union movement. Since liberation, Communists have won and held most key positions and Socialists recently decided to try to regain some of the lost influence. This Party explains the scene in the Assembly yesterday when the Communist leader, M. Jacques Duclos, strongly supported the popular Republican Prime Minister Georges Bidault in taking a strong line against strikers while Socialists only withdrew their demand for immediate concession to the strikers under extreme pressure and right-wing deputies lent moral support to the strikers.

After taking up a strong stand in deciding not to make any concessions to the strikers endorsed by an almost unanimous vote in the Assembly, the Cabinet is now seeking a compromise, though aware that concessions may start a new avalanche of claims.

UNITED STATES OF EUROPE

Hamburg Welcomes Churchill's Proposal

HAMBURG, Sept. 22 (Reuter):—A cable welcoming the proposal for a United States of Europe made by Mr. Winston Churchill in his Zurich speech has been sent to Mr. Churchill by members of the Free Democratic Party of Hamburg.

It says "Young Democrats of the Free Democratic Party of Hamburg are profoundly impressed by the appeal to European conscience and reason. They endorse unreservedly the plan for setting up a United States of Europe. The young generation is prepared to renounce base nationalism in exchange for justice and collaboration. It grasps the outstretched hand of the free family of nations.

We believe that the downfall of Europe may be prevented if the youth of all countries united. We are determined to work for sincere and unlimited contribution of the whole of the German nation.

WILL JAWAHAR INTERVENE?

Military Accounts Workers Victimised, Says T. U. C. Chief

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22 (API).—Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, says in a statement that Military Accounts workers (who recently called off their strike) are being shamefully victimised, in spite of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's assurance. He is asking Pandit Nehru for his direct intervention in the matter. If a suitable arrangement is not reached, Mr. Bose adds, the workers will be compelled to strike work again.

Mr. Bose says: "On the assurance of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and his advice to revert to duty as there would be no difficulty about it, the workers of the Military Accounts Department called off their 2-weeks old strike.

In spite of Pandit Nehru's assurance the Military Accounts workers are being victimised. At Ganhati, the offices have been shifted to a purely military area seven miles away. In the absence of either accommodation or transport, the workers are undergoing pecuniary and physical inconvenience to attend to their duties.

In the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts (Patna) situated at Shillong, the employees are not being allowed to revert to their duties unless they sign a most humiliating letter of apology prepared by the authorities.

The Controller of Military Accounts, Patna, I have learnt, has not withdrawn the discharge notices served on the employees during the strike period.

"I am asking Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru for his direct intervention in the matter so that the workers who have called off their strike on his assurance should not be faced with victimisation."

"INDIA WILL STAND BY EGYPTIAN LABOUR"

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22 (API): The new Labour legislation before the Egyptian Parliament has been strongly condemned by the President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose. He says that the whole set-up is directed against the working class movement of Egypt in particular and the world working class in general.

The Egyptian Government is adopting unfair and shameful methods to curb the workers' movement. Mr. Bose expresses the sympathy of Indian workers with Egyptian Labour and says that the former will practically demonstrate it if occasion arises.

NO ACTION AGAINST PEACEFUL WORKERS

Cawnpore Magistrate Denies League Allegations

CAWNPORE, Sept. 22 (API): "No action of any kind was taken against the strikers in Cawnpore until an actual outbreak of violence took place, although speeches inciting the workers to violence were being made every day" says a Press Note issued by the District Magistrate, Cawnpore.

The Press Note continues: "a resolution passed by the Working Committee of the City Muslim League, Cawnpore has been published in which it has been alleged that peaceful mill workers have been arrested and that action has been taken to stifle by means of these arrests the legitimate demands of the workers of Cawnpore. It was only when stone-throwing commenced and there was grave danger of an outbreak of widespread disorder, which might have possibly taken a communal turn that arrests were made. No peaceful strikers was arrested but only those persons were arrested who were taking part in acts of violence and intimidation".

The Press Note adds: "The legal machinery to deal with genuine grievances still exists and is still open to any worker who feels aggrieved. Many arrests which have been made under substantive law for breach of the ordinary provisions of the law and no person is being detained under Rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules without trial".

LABOUR'S RIGHT TO FRANCHISE

SHILLONG, Sept. 21, (A.P.I.): The Assam Assembly today passed the Sylhet non-Agricultural Urban Areas Tenancy Bill 1946 introduced by Mr. B. R. Medhi, Revenue Minister.

Earlier Mr. Ramnath Das, Labour Minister, referring to the question of recognition of Labour as a separate community in political matters told the House that as a new constitution was going to be framed by the Constituent Assembly it was difficult to anticipate how political adjustments would be formed as a result of that constitution. But judging by the present standard, it was possible to anticipate that in any future constitution, Labour would find adequate representation and Government would always be prepared to recognise Labour's right to franchise and representation.

Soft System Of Despotism For India And Colonies!

Soviet Commentator On "Supreme Authority" Of British Governors-General

LONDON, Sept. 22 (Reuter): Government in British Dominions and colonies was criticised by the leading Soviet Commentator Michael Dadidov over Moscow radio last night.

After accusing the British Government turning Greece into a "British Colony", he described the British draft statue as being modelled on the regimes for India, Burma and Nigeria "concentrating all power in the hands of the Foreign Governor-General, who appoints and discharges all the higher authorities".

Dadidov continued on "the British Governors-General are the supreme authority in British colonies, sometimes with, and sometimes without advisory or Executive Councils, whose members like the Ministers of India, hold their posts just so long as it suits the British Governor-General.

"The local population whatever they might be—Hindus, Arabs Negroes, Chinese—have no rights whatsoever and nothing to do with the administration of the country, which are according to all ethnological, historical and other factors should belong to them as indigenous inhabitants.

Deal To Negroes

"Even where there is some appearance of representative institutions—the South African Union, for example, which is a Dominion of the British Empire and is ruled by a Governor-General—the right to elect and be elected to power is enjoyed only by the Whites, persons of pure European blood, as the law puts it. Six and a half million Negroes—over two thirds of the population—are deprived of franchise and even of the most elementary human rights—the right to move freely in the country, to own land and so on.

The British, he said, had to use a soft system of despotism like the one that had given good results in India".

LIGHT ON JAP PLOT TO MURDER STALIN?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21 (Reuter).—An unsuccessful Japanese effort to assassinate Generalissimo Stalin in 1939 is disclosed in document issued by the War Department.

This is the second in the series of eight volumes containing documentary evidence used by American and British prosecutors at the Nuremburg trial.

The plot was reported by Gestapo Chief Heinrich Himmler, in a file memorandum dated January 1939. In it Himmler reported a visit to the Japanese-General Oshima stating "Oshima was undertaking long-range projects aimed at disintegration of Russia and emanating from the Caucasus and Ukraine. He had succeeded up to now to send ten Russians with bombs across the Caucasian frontier. The Russians had the mission to kill Generalissimo Stalin.

The plot failed and Himler writes that a number of additional Russians whom Oshima also sent "had been shot on the frontier."

Soviet Denial Of Chinese Report

LONDON, Sept. 22 (Reuter): Denial by the Soviet Official news agency of the Chinese report that Soviet motor boats were carrying war material from Port Arthur to Chefoo and Weihiwei Ports, occupied by troops of the Chinese People's revolutionary army, was broadcast by Moscow radio last night.

Characterising the report as representing "another of those provocative inventions which have lately become the common places on the pages of some Chinese newspapers, the official Soviet News Agency added that it was authorised to state that the report was devoid of any foundation.

"Anti-Soviet Project"

LONDON, Sept. 21 (UPA): Radio Moscow commenting on Winston Churchill's Zurich speech today for the first time charged that Churchill's proposal to create a United States of Europe is an anti-Soviet project designed to provoke war against Russia.

Radio Moscow at the same time lauded Henry Wallace as an advocate of a return to the Rooseveltian policy "which proved its validity in the years-long struggle by the Anglo-American-Soviet coalition against Fascist countries".

Madras Move To Repeal Criminal Tribes Act

MADRAS, Sept. 21 (API): The Government of Madras propose to introduce a Bill to repeal the Criminal Tribes Act at the November Session of the Legislature.

Pending legislation of the proposed Bill, Government have by an executive order, suspended the operation of some of the provisions of the Act which are considered obnoxious.

Rand Mines Strike Echo

CAPETOWN, Sept. 21 (Reuter): Offices of "The Guardian", official organ of the Communist Party of South Africa, Capetown offices of the ex-Servicemen's Organisation, "Springbok Legion" and the Central Cape District offices of the Communist Party were raided today by the police.

A statement by the 'Springbok Legion' said that the search was for documents relating to the recent strike of Africans in the Rand Mines.

279 Persons Remanded

TRICHINOPOLY, Sept. 21 (API): 279 persons arrested in connection with the disturbances in golden rock on Sept. 5 were produced before the Magistrate today and were remanded into custody.

In view of the large number of accused the Magistrate held the court in the Central Jail.

JUPITER WORKERS DECIDE ON STRIKE

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Employees of the Jupiter General Insurance Co. Ltd. have decided to go on strike. A resolution to that effect was unanimously adopted at a meeting of the employees held at the Cama Hall on Saturday.

The resolution is a sequel to the refusal of the management of the firm to concede the employees' demands which include a minimum starting salary of Rs. 95 for clerks, Rs. 45 for peons, and one month's privilege leave to be accumulated for three years.

Addressing the meeting Mr. Adam Adil stressed the need of strong trade unions of clerks employed in various firms. Mr. Adam said that even after the attainment of freedom the struggle against exploitation of any kind would continue to the bitter end, and he therefore exhorted the clerks to play their role in that struggle. He further warned them against the machinations of the capitalist class to disrupt their solidarity.

GOVERNOR ON ROLE OF POLICE

They Must So Live & Work That They May Deserve Humblest Citizen's Gratitude

POONA, Sept. 21 (API): His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, Sir Andrew Clow, inspected a police parade here this morning and held an investiture at which he decorated 18 police officers from different disricts of the province with insignia and medals for their distinguished services in the past.

Speaking on the occasion, attended by a large number of police and military officers, His Excellency said: "Owing to the fact that Government of this country was for many years not subject to popular control, "His Excellency observed" There grew up a tendency to minimise the importance of Law and Order and to regard the police as only an instrument for the maintenance of a particular form of Government. That was always an error and I hope and believe that with the advent of Government based upon the people's will, such an idea will be actively abandoned and that men everywhere will see in the police a force which is devoted to securing that peace and order without which the people must perish".

The Governor advised the police to "so live and work that they may all deserve, even when they do not receive, the deep gratitude of the humblest citizen".

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 21, (Reuter): Cotton opened steady, unchanged to 14 higher with commission house buying of far distant positions a feature. After a modest reaction on profittaking, prices again rallied on good mill buying against larger Textile sales. The market sagged near the close on the appearance of more hedges and end-of-week profittaking. The session closed barely steady, 4 lower to 7 higher. Sales are estimated at 90,000.

Chicago grains were strong early in the session reflecting further buying of wheat against sales to Government and reports of a heavy foreign demand for United States maize. However prediction of fair and warmer weather in the main maize belt attracted increased offerings. The sharp upturn in September mats is attributed chiefly to covering. Meanwhile the Canadian wheat is reported to be not offering any wheat for manufacture and export of wheat products to any countries other than Great Britain.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.

October	37.15
December	37.00
January	36.75
March	36.73
May	36.36
July	35.81
October	33.26
Middling Spot	37.63

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October	37.32
December	36.99
March	36.68
May	36.34
July	35.70
Middling Spot	37.20

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Sept. 21.

T. T. London On:—

New York sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2.

Madrid official 44.00.

Montreal sellers 4.03, buyers 4.04.

Zurich sellers 17.34, buyers 17.36.

Stockholm sellers 14.47, buyers 14.50.

DISPOSALS

The Director General of Disposals (C. P. & M. Directorate), New Delhi, invites tenders for the purchase of the following stores:—

(1) Tender No. DGD/CPM/Central/19

STORES	QUANTITY.
Pumps, Centrifugal, Gasoline driven, 125 G.P.M., 300 ft. head	3 Nos.
Engines, reconditioned, auto., Model R-3-A, Ford, 4 Cyl.	2 "
Generator, 100KW, 127 Volts, 3 phase, 60 Cycle, Model MB-650, Serial No. 11111-B (Diesel)	1 "
Generator, 50 K.W. 240 Volts, 60 Cycle, Serial No. 115133, Gasoline driven engine, serial No. 33B-476.	1 "
Generator, 50 W.K. 240 Volts, 60 Cycle, 3 phase, serial No. 496, gasoline driven engine, 6 Cycle, Model L-00625, serial No. 266268.	1 "
Steel Tanks, hot water storage, 36" dia. x 72" 230 gallons	7 "
Tanks, fuel, 220 gals. (approx.) 1-1 2" x 3' x 6"	2 "
Sunbeam water heaters	6 "

The above stores are located at Angus Camp, Hooghly District, 20 miles from Calcutta on Grand Trunk Road.

(2) Tender No. DGD/EGIV/BL/1

A SMALL QUANTITY OF ELECTRIC CABLES: FLEXIBLE CORD, WIRES, LAMPS AND FITTINGS AND INSULATORS

Note: List of these stores giving condition, location, total quantity available and reserve prices may be seen now in the offices of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, or Regional Commissioners Disposals, Calcutta, Lahore, Cawnpore, and branch offices at Madras and Karachi.

Tenderers should quote the best price over the reserve prices shown in the list.

Last due date for the above tenders: 4 p. m. on 25/9/46.

Offers should be sent to the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, and should remain open for acceptance up to 25/10/46.

Earnest money amounting to 10% of the value offered in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi must be deposited in the Imperial Reserve Bank/Government Treasury.

Tender Forms are obtainable from C. P. & M. Directorate, Director General of Disposals, New Delhi at Rs. 1/- per set in Cash/Money Order, Per Tender No. (2). Tenderers may submit their offers on their own letter heads quoting the tender No.

Intending purchasers may satisfy themselves in all respects before offering to purchase. Delivery of stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed within 30 days from the date of issue of Sale Letter. Offers are subject to prior sale and conditions of contract as laid down in Form Con. 117.

IMPORTANT NOTE

Second Catalogue—Section C.P.M. Published on August 24, 1946 THE LAST DATE FOR RECEIPT OF OFFERS TO PURCHASE HAS BEEN EXTENDED TO OCTOBER 10, 1946.

Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS (SOUTHERN CIRCLE)

Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay

Tel: 30041 (5 Lines)

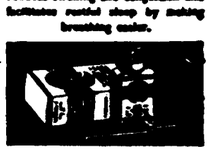
DS/107

THE NATIONAL TRADING CO. BOMBAY 6

Obstructed Breathing?

Let CATAZOL end your miseries

A few drops put inside each nostril will at once clear a stuffed-up nose and will make breathing comfortable. Soothing to the lining membrane of the nasal passages, it promptly reduces swelling and congestion and facilitates normal sleep by making breathing easier.



CATAZOL 'C' for ordinary use.
CATAZOL 'S' for strong effect.

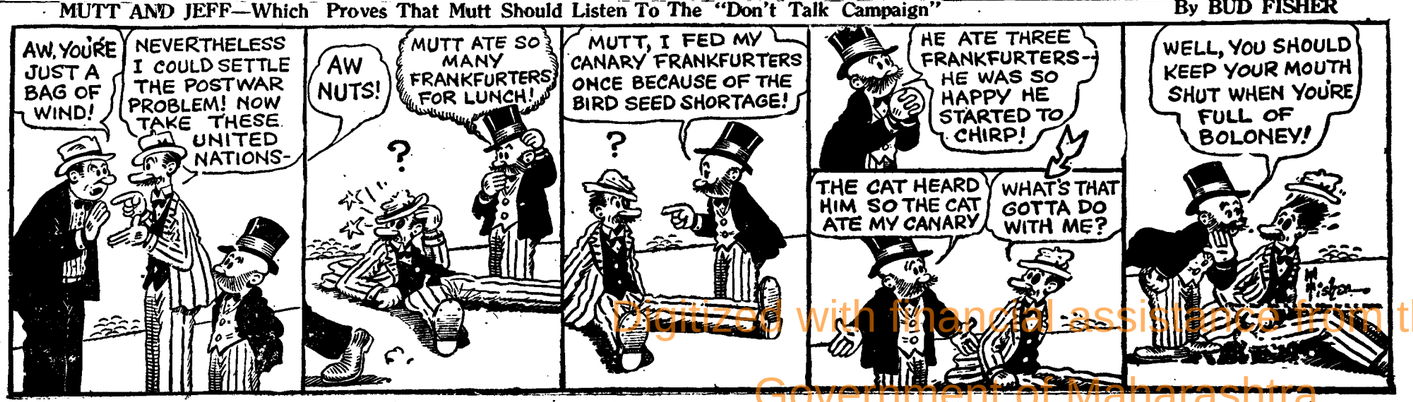
GET IT TO-DAY

At all reliable chemists'

BENGAL CHEMICAL

Agents:
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY,
Devkaran Mansion,
Princess St. Bombay No. 2.

MUTT AND JEFF—Which Proves That Mutt Should Listen To The "Don't Talk Campaign" By BUD FISHER


AW, YOU'RE JUST A BAG OF WIND!
NEVERTHELESS I COULD SETTLE THE POSTWAR PROBLEM! NOW TAKE THESE UNITED NATIONS-
AW NUTS!
MUTT ATE SO MANY FRANKFURTERS FOR LUNCH!
MUTT, I FED MY CANARY FRANKFURTERS ONCE BECAUSE OF THE BIRD SEED SHORTAGE!
HE ATE THREE FRANKFURTERS-- HE WAS SO HAPPY HE STARTED TO CHIRP!
THE CAT HEARD HIM SO THE CAT ATE MY CANARY
WHAT'S THAT GOTTA DO WITH ME?
WELL, YOU SHOULD KEEP YOUR MOUTH SHUT WHEN YOU'RE FULL OF BOLONEY!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Bride for a 30 years' old C.K.P. Graduate. Permanent Service, Cash and landed property near Bombay. Widows may apply. P.B. No. 3620, Girgaon, Bombay. (3403)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted:—Matriculates, age 18 to 23, for training as Railway Signallers. Apply with stamp to: The Manager, Indian Railways Training School, Ambala City. (3219)

Wanted — An experienced and really capable Chemist acquainted with the manufacture of Bleaching Powder for a Bleaching Powder Factory to be installed and worked in Calcutta. Apply to Bengal Jute Mill Co., Ltd., 8, Dalhousie Sq., Calcutta. (9820)

Wanted an experienced Cashier-Accountant (for Fort, Bombay, in a growing concern) conversant with correspondence and Banking to maintain accounts, Book-keeping, and to make financial adjustments. Job permanent for honest and hard working applicants. Apply immediately with copies of testimonials and minimum salary required to Box No. 3405, "Bombay Chronicle."

Required Supervisor for clearing foodgrains from Docks. Only those with experience of clearing work and dock formalities should apply. Salary Rs. 250|-, or more according to qualifications and experience. Apply Box No. 9822, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for temporary posts of Stenographers in the Office of the Joint Financial Adviser (Cotton Textiles), "Hararwala Building", Ballard Estate, Bombay. The Scale of pay is Rs. 90-5-160 with the usual Dearness and House Rent Allowances amounting to about Rs. 40|- per mensem. The candidates should be at least Matriculates with a speed of 110 words in Shorthand and 35 words in Typewriting. A higher starting salary may be allowed to deserving candidates. If selected, the candidates should be prepared to join duty immediately. The last date for receipt of applications is the 5th October, 1946. (9821)

Air-India Ltd. (Tata Air Lines) invite applications for employment from Aeronautical Engineers holding A, C or X licences. Initial salary would vary from Rs. 200|- to Rs. 500|- per month, plus dearness allowance, according to experience and extent of licences. (9786)

Wanted Depot Manager on a monthly salary of Rs. 100|- plus Rs. 50|- as allowance to sell and secure orders for "Vita-Tea" packed or loose. None need apply who cannot invest at least Rs. 500|- against stock. Detailed terms from Bengal Assam Tea and Fishery Co. Ltd. 54, College Street, Calcutta. (9785)

Wanted 500 Men For Large Scale All Metal Bus Body Building Project. Setter-Out, and Markers-Out, Body Makers, Panel Beaters, Sheet Metal Workers, Fitters, Erectors, Rivetters, Glaziers, Aluminium Gas Welders, Upholsterers and Trimmers, Painters (Brush), Wood Mill Machinists, Men experienced in the handling of Spindlers, Band and Circular Saws, Planners and Thicknessers, etc., Coachbuilding Designer and Draughtsman. Good prospects to the right men. Write or call with all particulars of previous experience, qualifications, etc.: The Hyderabad Allwyn Metal Works, Limited, Industrial Area, Hyderabad—Deccan. (3232)

Wanted experienced Matriculated Gujarati knowing Clerks. Pay according qualification. Apply Sukhdayal Rambilas, 339/41, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2. 3381

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms" Hasting's & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (3368)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions — Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol for Professional Diploma Courses, viz., Company Secretarial, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (3402)

Learn Dentistry within short period. For prospectus apply Dental Training Institute, Jamnagar. (3290)

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale Ford V-8 1937 Model in excellent working condition. Phone 22041. 3396

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

For Sale 50 B.H.P. Ruston Engined floor rice mill with oil mill filter in perfect condition. Contact; Hilloowalla, Delhi Gate, Surat. (3337)

For immediate Sale—Secondhand Thompson make Lancashire Boiler in excellent condition, 30'x 8'x160 lbs.|sq. in. pressure awaiting shipment in England. Year of make 1919. Apply Western Manufacturing Co., Post Box No. 1230, Fort, Bombay No. 1. (3400)

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted Dobbies. For price and other particulars write to: Kapoor Silk Weaving Mills, Putlighar, Amritsar. (9813)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

WANTED a LADY CONFIDENTIAL ASSISTANT for the General Manager's Office, salary Rs. 250|- p.m. PLUS Bombay Local Allowance at 10% of pay, temporary Dearness Allowance at 17½% of pay, II class free residential pass, cheap grainshop facilities and free medical aid as admissible from time to time under Railway rules.

The applicant should be an experienced Steno-Typist, with a knowledge of filing, and educational qualifications not below that of the Junior Cambridge or Matriculation standard. Age, not less than 18 years and preferably not more than 25 years on 5-10-1946.

Forms of application can be obtained from the Secretary to the General Manager, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Bombay No. 1, by remitting Re. 1|- by money order or by payment in cash at the above office. Full name and address of the applicant should be entered in block capital letters on the money order coupon, otherwise money orders are liable to be refused.

Applications should reach the Secretary to the General Manager by the 5th October, 1946.

Candidates called for interview will be expected to attend at their own expense. A call for interview will not imply offer of employment. Before appointment, the selected candidate will have to be passed as medically fit by the Medical Officer of this Railway. (9813)

WANTED

CASHIERS and CLERKS. Salary Rs. 65 to Rs. 100 according to qualifications and experience plus dearness allowance 20%. Apply personally with application between 3 p. m. and 5 p. m.

THE ACCOUNTANT,
HABIB BANK LTD.
Mahomedalli Road,
Bombay 3. (9802)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD.
Dated New Delhi, the 16-9-1946
DISPOSALS.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Deptt. of Food (Div. III), Jamnagar House, New Delhi invites tenders for tender No. P/4 for the sale in full or in part, of approximately 18,000 to 26,000 American "Accessory 200 Ration Packs" 'ex' where lying.

DESCRIPTION.

Each "Pack" is a cardboard carton said to contain:—

1. Cigarettes—20 cartons containing 10 pks of 20 Cigarettes each.
2. Safety Matches—200 Booklets of 20 each.
3. Tobacco (pipe)—8 Packets: Total about 1 lb.
4. Spark plug—Chewing Tobacco —2 pkts of 2 ozs. each.
5. Chewing gum—2 pkts of 5 sticks each.
6. Chocolate—50 x 1 oz Bars.
7. Toilet goods as under:—
   (a) Razor Blades—6 pkts x 5 Blades each.
   (b) Simplex Razor—one.
   (c) Tooth Powder—10 Cans 3/4 oz each.
   (d) Tooth Brushes—3.
   (e) Lux Toilet Soap—14 cakes
   (f) Shaving cream—7 tubes.

Full conditions of contract of sale and all particulars as to location etc. of stores offered for sale will be given in the tender form which will be supplied free of cost against written applications.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on 8-10-'46 and must be kept open for a period of 30 days. They must be accompanied by a Deposit at Call Receipt from the Imperial Bank of India or the Reserve Bank in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase.

Earnest money calculated at 5 p.c. of the total value of the tender and which will be liable to be forfeited to Government if the tender is revoked within the above period. (9782)

CANVASSERS WANTED

Wanted. Efficient Canvassor. Present Motor Market Experienced need apply to Box No. 3372, "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced Ladies and Gents are required for Canvassing Orders for Commercial Designs and Blocks. Apply to: P.O.B. 1089, Bombay. (3401)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Cycle Dealers to act as Stockists for Sew Cycle Freewheels—something reliable and rewarded by Punjab Government. Write at once to Sole Agents, Reynolds Corporation, 7-Beadon Road, Lahore. (3335A)

Wanted Cycle Dealers to act as Agents and Stockists for Cycle Bell Traffic 666—a fast selling Lucas-type product of New Industries, Amritsar. Sample at Rs. 2|- Write at once to Sole Agents, Reynolds Corporation, 7-Beadon Road, Lahore. (3335 B.)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Battery Charging Generators—For sale 2 battery charging generators 1000/1500 watts, 12 and 24 volts. Apply Western Manufacturing Co Post Box No, 1230, Bombay No. 1. (3373)

PUBLIC NOTICES

SURPLUS SALES
OF AMERICAN STORES

CHEMICALS

SEALED TENDERS are invited, addressed to Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur, 24 Parganas, for the purchase of the following:

LARGE QUANTITIES OF DISINFECTANT AND CLEANING AGENTS; SOLDERING AND BRAZING COMPOUNDS; AND MISCELLANEOUS CHEMICALS OF MANY CATEGORIES, INCLUDING ESPECIALLY LARGE AMOUNTS OF GLACIAL ACETIC ACID, PHOSPHORIC ACID, SULPHURIC ACID, ALCOHOLS, AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, DEHYDRATING AGENTS OF DIFFERENT TYPES, GLYCOL, NAPTHALENE, POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE, AND LEAD OXIDE.

LOCATION of the chemicals is at Titaghur, Panagarh, Agra, Karachi and Ranaghat; details of the quantities at each depot are given with tender forms.

TENDER FORMS: may be obtained from Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur, 24 Parganas, on payment of Rs. 3/- each to which full lists of the chemicals are attached together with a permit inspection.

SUPERSCRIBE REFERENCE for the soldering and brazing compound is

Tender No. SA/12 (24)

and for the rest, Tender No. SA/11 (24)

LAST DATE FOR RECEIVING TENDERS: 30th September 1946 by 10 a.m. OFFERS TO REMAIN OPEN FOR ACCEPTANCE UNTIL: 30th October 1946. EARNEST MONEY: 25% of the price offered should be enclosed with completed tender form.

All sales are subject to the Company's Conditions of Contract, a copy of which is attached to tender forms. (9790)

TATA AIRCRAFT, LIMITED
TITAGHUR AIR DEPOT, 24-PARGANAS, BENGAL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
CONVERSION
Of 3½ Per Cent
Non-Terminable Loans

of 1842-43; 1854-55; 1865; 1879 and 1900-1
into
(1) 3 per cent Conversion Loan of 1946—
Issue price Rs. 100 per Rs. 100 (Nominal)
or
(2) 2¾ per cent Loan 1976—
Issue price Rs. 99 per Rs. 100 (Nominal)

Facilities for conversion of these loans have been extended from the 16th September, 1946, previously advertised, to the 30th September, 1946.

Issued by the Finance Department, Government of India, New Delhi.
AC 147
9812

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of Technical Assistant in the Advertising Branch of the Information and Arts Department of the Government of India. Pay Rs. 275|-5-300. Qualifications: a Degree of an Indian University and at least 3 years experience of Advertising practice. Candidates must have practical experience of media, production and printing. Last date for the applications to be received 30th September. The post is at present sanctioned until the 28th Feb. 1947 but is likely to continue thereafter. Candidates will have to come for interview to Delhi at their own expense. Applications should be addressed to the Advertising Consultant, Railway Board Building, Simla. (9705)

MUSLIM UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH.

WANTED:—Professor of Economics on a salary upto Rs. 300|- p.m. Candidates should possess high academic qualifications with teaching experience. Candidates will be expected to guide research of advanced students.

Applications stating age and teaching experience including publications with copies of recent testimonials should reach the Registrar, Muslim University. Aligarh by the 30th of September, 1946. (9706)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of pulses, copra, chillies, tamarind (Chinch), Coriander Seeds (Dhania) and Turmeric Sticks (Haldi) to the Railway's Central Godown at Shed No. 3, Wadi Burider, Bombay. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. The last date for the submission of the tenders is 30th September, 1946, (3 p.m.). (9783)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF JAGGERY

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of jaggery at the Railway's godowns in the Bombay Province. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. The last date for the submission of tenders is 27th September, 1946, 3 p.m. 9680

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Agmark-Ghee (Red Seal) to the Railway's godowns at Bhusawal and Manmad. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. The last date for the submission of tenders is 28th September, 1946 (1 P.M.). 9703

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following documents of title to shares of the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co., Ltd., standing in the names of the undermentioned shareholders have been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

(1) One Share Certificate No. 72863 in respect of one Ordinary Share No. 568338, in the names of Bai Jerbai Ardeshir Bharucha & Kaikhashroo Ardeshir Bharucha, now deceased.

(2) Temporary receipt No. 60382 in respect of 5 Ordinary Shares Nos. 554134/36 and 234204/05 in the name of Mrs. Pranvanti Gulabchand.

Any claim in respect of these Shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate Share Certificate & Temporary Receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

(Sd.) Bai JERBAI ARDESHIR BHARUCHA,
Mrs. PRANVANTI GULABCHAND. 9804

MARTIN BURN LIMITED
NOTICE

PURSUANT to Section 77 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 the Statutory Meeting of Martin Burn Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 12, Mission Row, Calcutta, on Thursday, the 17th day of October, 1946, at 11 A.M.

AGENDA

To receive and adopt the Statutory Report of the Company made upto the 14th September, 1946.

By Order of the Board,
T. LESLIE MARTIN,
Chairman and Managing Director.
Calcutta, 20th Sept. 1946. 9818

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of the Public and all the employees working in the Municipal Primary Schools and Training Classes, that all the Municipal Primary Schools and Training Classes which were kept closed till the 21st September, 1946, will re-open on and from Monday, the 23rd September, 1946. While the curfew order is in force, schools should close one hour earlier than the scheduled time for the afternoon session.

The Head-teachers and all other employees who are working in the Municipal Schools in the affected parts of the City who are unable to go to their respective Schools from the 23rd September, 1946 are desired to contact their Superintendents and take further instructions.

S. DALLAS,
Ag. Secretary,
Schools Committee.
The Schools Committee's Office,
Gilder Tank Building Grant Rd.,
Bombay 7.
20th Sept., 1946. 9815

TUNGABHADRA TEXTILES LIMITED, HARIHAR
WANTED

EXPERIENCED MECHANICAL and STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS for planning and constructing Factory buildings, etc. Apply to:
P. SUBRAMANYAM, F.R.E.S., C.R.A., C.A.A. (London),
Governing Director,
Jupiter & Co. (Mysore) Ltd., Promoters,
41, Silver Jubilee Park Road,
Bangalore City. 9816

FOR SALE

NEARLY 50 to 75 thousand ratli maunds of grass newly cut. Steampressed in bales. Delivery in the forest depot. Time of delivery from January 47 to April 47. Apply to:—

U. S. PATHAK.
Superintendent of Forests,
Dungarpur State, Rajputana. 9807

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: RENATO SCHMITZ,
Present Nationality: AUSTRIAN
Full Address: 20, NEPEAN SEA ROAD, Bombay. 9806

NOTICE TO SPECIAL JURORS

MEMBERS of the Special Jury, summoned for the current criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on the 2nd floor, on Monday, the 23rd September, 1946, at 2-15 P.M. (S.T.).

A. A. JASDENVALA.
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 21st September, 1946. 9823

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: EMIL SCHMITZ,
Present Nationality: AUSTRIAN
Full Address: 20, NEPEAN SEA ROAD, Bombay. 9805

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his Office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagaon, Bombay No. 10, up to 1 P.M. (S.T.) on Tuesday, the 15th October, 1946, for the supply of the following:—

1. Conduits, electrical, steel welded, black enamelled, heavy gauge 5/8".....5,000 feet.
2. Conduits, electrical, steel welded, black enamelled, heavy gauge 1-1/2".....550 feet.

Tender forms giving full particulars can be obtained from the Office of the undersigned on payment of Re. 1/- per copy, which will not be sent by V.P.P.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores. 9809

DACCA UNIVERSITY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Reader in Mathematics on a salary in the scale of Rs. 400-40/2-600 per month, initial salary depending on qualifications. The appointment will be made for two years in the first instance and with approved service may be renewed up to the age of retirement. Nine copies of applications and of all testimonials, should reach the Registrar not later than the 12th October, 1946. For full particulars, apply to the Registrar. 9811

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER of Stores invites Tenders for the purchase of Secondhand and damaged empty Kerosene oil tins. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Re. 1/- per copy not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 16-10-1946 at 3 P.M. (S.T.). 9809

THE BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED
(Incorporateed in England)

REQUIRED A DRAFTSMAN and TRACER, experienced in Railway work, on Rs. 80/- to Rs. 100/- and Rs. 40/- to Rs. 60/- respectively basic, temporary in first instance.

L. V. PEREIRA,
Agent & General Manager,
(Engg.),
Barsi Light Railway,
Kurduwadi. 9810

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE SMALL CAUSES COURT, SHIKARPUR
Suit No. 106 of 1946

A SHOP known as Parmanand Deepchand for Joint Hindu Family Manager whereof is:—GHANSHAMDAS S/O Deepchand Makhija, Commission Agent, Shikarpur ... Plaintiff
Versus
A Shop known as Manghanial Mulchand for dry fruit, etc. running at Surat ... Defendant
To,
The Abovenamed Defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff abovenamed has filed a suit against you for Rs. 230/- and whereas you cannot be served in the ordinary way: take notice that the above suit has been fixed for Final hearing on the 30th day of September, 1946 at 8-30 A. M. In default of your appearance on the above date the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 14th day of September, 1946.

ABDULKARIM RAHAMATULLAH,
Clerk of the Court,
Shikarpur. 9817

BEARS BEWARE!

The position of planets is favourable for a rise in Share Bazar. We therefore warn the bears to cover their shares immediately and advise investors to buy shares without waiting for a further drop.

Our dates are:
Buy on 23 or 24 September and Sell on 26 or 27 September.

Our charges are:
WEEKLY CHART Rs. 10/-
FORTNIGHTLY CHART Rs. 15/-
MONTHLY CHART Rs. 25/-.

National Astrological Bureau
P. O. Box. No. 4041.
BOMBAY 7.

AUCTION SALES

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT OUR ROOMS

Auction Sale of Ginning and Pressing Factory at BAILHONGAL, Dist. Belgaum.

Under instructions from Messrs. Ambubhai and Diwanji, Attorneys for the Khandesh Spinning and Weaving Mills Co., Ltd., M/s. Bennett and Co., will sell by public auction the undermentioned Lot No. 2 TODAY, MONDAY, the 23rd September, 1946, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at their rooms at 120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

All those pieces of land with buildings and structures standing thereon together with the Machinery of the Ginning and Pressing Factory situate at Bailhongal in Dist. Belgaum bearing Survey No. 306A, 306B, 297, total area 11 Acres and 19 Gunthas.

For list of Machinery, etc., and further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Ambubhai and Diwanji, Solicitors, Dalal St., Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay. M/s. GANDHI & CO. will offer for sale by Public Auction the undermentioned materials daily at 11 A.M. (S.T.) as under:—

MONDAY, 23-9-46 at D. G. M. P. Depot, near Resy Road Rly. Stn. Misc. Stores including Bolts, shafts, tanks, drums, etc.

TUESDAY, 24-9-46 at R. E. Depot, Forsburry Road, Sewri—40 Goatley Boats.

WEDNESDAY, 25-9-46 at Kitab Mahal, big lot of tables, chairs, cycles, etc.

Terms: 25% deposit in cash, balance in 7 days, delivery in 21 days. If the purchasers fail to observe the conditions regarding payment and delivery, deposit and purchase money paid will be forfeited and sale cancelled.

AUCTION WILL BE HELD AT VERSOVA

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS OF MILITARY STRUCTURES AT VERSOVA.

By order of the Directorate General of Lands Hirings and Disposals, Office of the A. D. Lands Hirings and Disposals S.Q.B. Area, Government of India, Bombay, Messrs. GANDHI & CO. will offer for sale by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, 25-9-46, at 2 P.M. (S.T.) at Versova.

Structures such as double Barrack, Mangalore tile roof, latrines, etc. in compound of "sea view" Bungalow.

Latrines, sheds, Bathing places, urinals, etc. in compound of Tented camp, north of naval camp.

Old Furniture including Chairs, tables, boards, Almyrahs, chest of drawers, etc. at H.M.I.S. "Kakauri" Versova.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

INDIVIDUALITY alone can never be the chief factor in guiding your choice of a watch. But when it is combined with all round dependability, you are assured of a watch which gives every satisfaction both as a timekeeper and as a cherished article of wear.

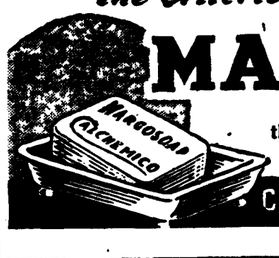
Every 'West End' model is a "Plus" watch, giving you individual character plus reliability and strength. Our name on a watch guarantees these qualities.

Catalogue FREE on request.

Due to present conditions, it may not be possible to supply every pattern advertised. Your order will, however, be executed as far as stocks permit.

WEST END WATCH Co
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

The Criterion of toilet Soaps!



MARGO SOAP
the only genuine Neem Oil soap
CALCUTTA CHEMICAL

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